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THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

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How Black he Makes Himself!

It seems no longer possible for Jeremiah S. Black to write of politics without bringing on an attack of hydrophobia. The thought of all his own defeats and disappointments acts upon him much as the sight of water is said to do upon the subject bitten by a rabid dog. While in the Cabinet of James Buchanan he developed all the traits of character of a traitor to his country without the physical courage to openly espouse the cause, and the virulence and abuse that he now indulges in towards gentlemen quite his peers in ability and greatly beyond him in statesmanship and honor, is no more than the pent up wrath of the reptile, scotched but not killed.

In the *North American Review* he reargues the cause of the Democratic party in their defeated attempt to elect Samuel J. Tilden President of the United States by intimidating and bulldozing the colored voters of the Southern states. He seems to think that he is discussing the Electoral Commission—a creation of the Democratic party—but inasmuch as he presents no new facts touching their proceedings, nor offers evidence to sustain even his own accusations against and denunciations of that tribunal, he furnishes another illustration of the defeated client swearing at the court. To be sure he does lug in a fair amount of magnificent political claptrap about the behavior of the carpet baggers of the South, but just what that has to do with the conduct of the Electoral Commission, since he does not present it in any sense of connection or argument, it would puzzle a court to tell.

Never before in the history of our political institution was there a more earnest effort, on the part of well-meaning men of both parties, to solve an alarming political dilemma, and never before a more universal acquiescence in the result, and yet this paragon of political virtue rises at this late day to rake over the embers of sectional hate, and to discharge anew the malicious wickedness that rankles in his own breast. It's a sorry sight to see this harmless old man in such a rage, but until his anger shall abate we can do naught but pity him,—pity poor Jerry Black.

The War.

From Asia Minor we continue to receive intelligence of Turkish victories. The reports all come from Constantinople and are to be received with many grains of allowance. The silence of the Russians may be considered a confirmation of the rumors. Nothing, however, is reported which looks like a termination of the campaign by either of the combatants. The latest report by way of Constantinople is that both parties are inactive and the Russians are evidently awaiting reinforcements. This does not look as if the Turks had gained a decisive victory which, as at first reported, it was claimed would drive back the invaders to their own territory.

The Turks have ceased to offer opposition to the Russians crossing the Danube at any point. They have withdrawn to their second line of defense, and all the reinforcements at their command are being hurried up to support the main army. The correspondent of the London *Times* telegraphs from Bucharest: "More than 120,000 Russians have crossed the Danube at Simnitza, with an immense train of artillery, some of it of very heavy calibre. The Russian cavalry are scouring the country up to the foot of the Balkan mountains, the Turks having no cavalry able to oppose them." All the correspondents predict that a pitched battle must soon be fought in Bulgaria, which, if gained by the Turks, may end the campaign for the season.

The most important intelligence is about the finances of the two nations at war with each other. The bankers at Berlin are discrediting the Russian paper money. They allege that since the commencement of hostilities 160,000,000 rubles, ($120,000,000) have been issued. A dispatch from Constantinople announces that the Turkish government has determined upon the issue of 100,000,000 piasters ($250,000,000), redeemable after twenty years. If this sort of financiering has to be resorted to thus early in the war, it is not probable that hostilities will be greatly prolonged.

The Louisiana Returning Board.

No sooner are the Nicholls officials given control of the Louisiana offices than they show the cloven foot as well as the true Rebel instinct by indicting the Returning Board. The *North American* reviews the subject in the following well-timed remarks: With the rumored indictment of the Louisiana Returning Board, this Southern question seems fated to revive and occupy a good deal of time and space. The ease with which the matter is resuscitated reminds us of the story of "the burial of the hatchet" by two persons who had prosecuted a feud for half a lifetime. Wearied out with years of bickering, they were ready to listen to a third person, who counseled them to bury the hatchet. To this they agreed, and selected the peacemaker to perform the ceremony. But on the eventful day the most inveterate hater of the twain arose early and went privately to the sexton. "I've been thinking the matter over," said he, "and have come to the conclusion that it will be well to bury the hatchet, as agreed, but if you can manage to leave the handle sticking out a trifle I shall rest a little easier in my mind." Whether the sexton acted upon this hint or not tradition does not inform us. But there are good reasons to suppose that in composing old quarrels in this wicked world the handles are left sticking out. That appears to be the case so far as the composition of this Southern quarrel is concerned. The old feud blazes up very often. It may turn out to be a settlement in which nothing was settled. We hope not. But there are indications that the only basis upon which the old contending parties there can live together will be something like that which finally obtained between the cat and the rat. The cat lay down with the rat in her maw, and there was peace.

We have never made any show of defending the Louisiana Returning Board, for the reason that its work must be its best defense. It is quite likely that the Board took all the liberties the letter of the law permits, and there seems to be no doubt of the fact that it had some pretty tough cases of bull-dozing to defend against. But there is a difficulty in the case which puts the Board at a serious disadvantage. It cannot go into any Louisiana court on an equal footing with its prosecutors. Admitting the facts of intimidation and outrage, how are they to be substantiated in a court of justice? The witnesses must give their testimony at the risk of their lives, and we have no reason to suppose that any white man in Louisiana can be brought to book for murdering a negro. Looking at the case in its best light, it does not seem probable that a jury can be impanelled impartial and unprejudiced enough to try the case and render a verdict upon its merits. Should the case go on, there can be only one result, and that adverse to the defendants. Every member of the Board is bound to go to the wall.

As regards any breach of contract involved in the revival of the old quarrel, we have not much to say. The law tolerates no contracts of the kind. It is very likely that the anxiety of the Nicholls party to administer the government may have induced them to agree to bury the hatchet and let the dead past bury its dead. It may be that the Nicholls government was permitted to come in under some such arrangement. Of course strictly honorable men would see to it that any accommodation of that kind was lived up to. But after studying the Louisiana matter carefully, who has stumbled upon a clue to strictly honorable men? We confess that we should as soon think of seeking for strawberries in the hottest sands of Sahara as for strictly honorable men on either side in Louisiana politics. It has been the tallest kind of a grab game there from the beginning. There is no evidence that the Nicholls government was elected. But on the other hand there is no evidence that Packard was elected. The government of Louisiana is simply an accommodation at best. Perhaps it was the only way to effect a settlement and take the state out of a condition of anarchy. But if it was an accommodation there must at least have been two parties to it; and an accommodation involves mutual concession. We know what the Republicans conceded, but what did the Democrats concede? Amnesty and immunity from further persecution, no doubt. It is not likely that the Republicans accepted less than that. In the light of this strong probability the revival of the old feud is not reassuring.

If these Louisianians had ever established a reputation for love of justice and fair dealing in politics, it would be different. But they have not. They are not in quest of justice. Should there ever be a determined stand for justice then the market price of hemp would jump up at least twenty-five per cent., and every tree in its vast swamps would be needed. But they don't want justice. They want revenge. They want to extinguish political differences of opinion. They want it all their own way, and we suspect they will have it. But that is not the way to peace. The people of the South cannot wreak their revenges and have peace.

Too Many Presidents.

Something must really be done to suppress the Secretaries, they are fast becoming worse than the proverbial small boy. Some legislation must be hit upon through which they may gently imbibe the idea that the people of the United States do not regard them all as Presidents. The almost daily announcement of their decisions, decrees and purposes is becoming monotonous, and the citizens are so befogged that they would really like the President to have a word now and then.

CARL SCHURZ'S order, signed by the President, addressed to the office-holders, has one satisfying feature, viz: the assurance it gives that office-holders still retain the right of suffrage.

We Need A Chattel-Mortgage Law.

Last winter we prepared a bill and sent it to the Senate extending the Chattel-Morgage Law to printing machinery, but it was negatived in Committee, by a set of shyster lawyers, and the consequence is that printing machinery is not subject to the law. *Haddock's Sunshine*, of the 2nd instant, contains the following sensible remarks upon the subject:

The hard times through which we are passing have revealed the need of several changes in our laws as regards security for money loaned, and has demonstrated the need of some legal provisions by which a man whose means are invested in personalities, such as machinery, movable articles, and stocks of goods, may borrow money upon them by means of a mortgage similar to that made use of in real estate transactions. To make more clear our meaning, we will illustrate.

Take if you please, a printer or a machinist. He may have his entire capital in his "plant" of machinery. Perhaps some customer for whom he has worked all the season at the last moment fails to pay, or in any way he becomes disappointed in his calculations, and is thus left helplessly unable to pay his hired men or current bills. How easily could he extricate himself from his embarrassment were he able to mortgage his heavy machinery, and how completely would all his prospects brighten were he allowed to do so. Yet, strange as it may appear, though he may have fifty thousand dollars of good, fixed personal property, he cannot raise a dollar upon it under the laws of our Commonwealth.

We may be mistaken, but we do not think there is another State in the Union without a chattel-mortgage law. We know that in New York there is such a law, and it has stood the test of at least fifty years' trial. The people of that State would see many other laws changed or repealed before their chattel-mortgage law, and we have found it not an easy matter to make New Yorkers understand that there is no legal provision whatever in Pennsylvania whereby a man can give security upon personal property unless he parts entirely with the possession of it.

A man who has his capital invested in corporate bonds or in governments can borrow money any day by pledging them, but if his means are in heavy machinery or valuable property not easily moved, he cannot raise a dollar on it, no matter how valuable or necessary it may be.

Within the past three years we have known at least three fair business establishments utterly broken up, and the plant sacrificed at twenty-five per cent. of actual value, when a proper chattel mortgage law would have enabled the embarrassed firms to borrow money enough on their property to have carried them through either to better times, or at least to a period when, by gradual sales, they could have disposed of their machinery at a saving price.

The facility for fraud is the only objection we have ever heard urged against chattel mortgages. True, they might be used by dishonest men to cheat an unsuspected creditor. But cannot this be urged against all laws? A dishonest man can at any hour give an actual creditor a confession of judgment or judgment note which will cut off his other creditors. But that ought not to do away with judgments nor with notes.

A proper chattel mortgage law would be found a great help to a man in moderate circumstances who desires to enter upon business for themselves. It would also be a great help to a man doing business in a small way to see his way clearly to enlarge operations. Many a small tradesman could double his profits if he had one more lathe, or another printing press, or a dozen more looms. But his money is all invested in those he already owns, and so he had to purchase the coveted machines, which the manufacturer would have gladly sold him on a year's time if he could be protected by a personal mortgage law.

Such a law is greatly needed, and we are surprised that one has not long since been enacted.—[*Huntingdon Journal.*

The Indian War.

The latest news from the seat of the Indian war shows that the Government is in earnest, and the red skins must either come to terms or be exterminated.

LEWISTON, Idaho, July 4, via Walla Walla, July 6.—On the 2d inst. Colonel Whipple's command, with volunteers under N. B. Randall, came across Looking Glass' band at Clear creek at 7 o'clock in the morning. The Indians told Colonel Whipple they were

PREPARED TO FIGHT,

and it is said opened the affray by firing the first shot. When the order was given to the soldiers to fire the Indians soon broke for the hills and places of shelter. It is not known how many were killed or wounded, as they scampered off in all directions. The command captured the Indian camp, burned all their provisions and plunder, and took about 1000 head of Indian horses, which they brought here. No citizens or soldiers were killed or wounded. Captain Elliott, of the Idaho Rangers, captured 75 of Chief Joseph's cattle and 40 horses. They had a skirmish on the Nimnaha. The captain says he does not know how many were killed, as they had to retreat. The Indians are mostly between the Snake and Salmon rivers, and are now reported 900 strong and well armed.

Captain Booth will go to Walla Walla with 70 men from the cave. There are twenty-one men from Union county, Oregon, now in the Walla Walla Valley.

News has been received at department headquarters here from General Alfred Sully, commanding at Lewiston, Idaho, that Colonel Perry with thirty men while on his way to the Cottonwood, was attacked by hostiles. Lieutenant Rains, ten soldiers and two citizens were killed. Colonel Whipple then joined Colonel Perry and drove the Indians off. The fight is still going on.

INDIAN DECOY.

The following dispatch comes from Walla Walla. It probably reached there by the steamer Fisino, which arrived at 9.15 on Thursday night last: "It is said that Chief Joseph decoyed General Howard across the Salmon river and that then Joseph recrossed the river and got on the Cottonwood between General Howard and Lapwai within thirty miles of Lewiston."

INDIANS IN COUNCIL.

A special from John A. Farrell of San Francisco, who has just returned from Callville, dated Palouse Landing, July 3d, via Walla Walla, 6th, says Joseph Oppenheimer and myself arrived here this evening. When we crossed the Spokone Bridge yesterday we noticed between 300 and 400 Buck Indians, who were said to be in council. They were all well armed and equipped. They consisted of Yaktamus under Moses Palouse, Samperil's, Spokones, Calleshalls, and renegade young men from other tribes whose names are not known.

The lookout for this country is bad. The settlers on Pine creek and the Palouse plains, except five men, have left. The country is in the hands of the savages.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

The following telegram from General McDowell, commanding the military division of the Pacific, was received at the War Department on Saturday:

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6, 1877.—To Adjutant General, Washington: The following telegrams, both from Lewiston, have just been received from my aid-de-camp, whom I have sent up to General Howard's command. The first telegram, of July 4th, says: No news direct from General Howard since the 1st of July.

The Klamath company is expected to-morrow. I shall go with it. Colonel Whipple's detatchment struck a band of Nez Perces under Looking Glass at Kamais Sunday, and inflicted severe punishment, capturing a large amount of stock. Indian Inspector Watkins, who has recently been with General Howard, writes from Lapwai this afternoon to General Sully here, that this success of General Howard's vigorous action are

PRODUCING MARKED RESULTS.

Looking Glass wishes to come in with his band. Watkins states Joseph has recrossed the Salmon river and is making east for the Bitter Root country, with General Howard at his heels and Whipple barring the way, that Joseph thus harrassed is on the point of breaking up. There are no signs of the Indians taking a hand.

The second telegram is dated July 5, and says that the following was received from Captain Perry, dated 9 A. M., July 4, at Cottonwood:

TIMELY ARRIVAL OF COLONEL WHIPPLE.

Indians have been around us all day in force and very demonstrative. Last evening Lieutenant Rains, ten soldiers and two citizen scouts were killed. Had not Whipple with his whole command come to our rescue my little party would have been undoubtedly taken. It is unsafe to send anything to him until the Klamath company arrives. He urges it to be sent to his aid with all dispatch.

Information just up by the boat postpones the arrival of that company a day or two; still no news from Howard. It is probable his couriers have been intercepted. A citizen from Colville just in represents the situation on the Spokone as most threatening. General Sully, who is here, shares in his apprehensions. It seems that there is ample ground for Gen. Howard's application for more troops.

KEELER, Aid de Camp.

Instead of sending the Second Infantry as directed, I have determined to send it as General Howard desired, that is by rail to San Francisco, steamer to Portland, thence by boat to Lewistown. Troops at and en route to Boise, Idaho, will be sufficient, I believe, for that district, and if not, it can be more readily reinforced than that of Columbia. I have ordered all troops from Fort Yuma, two companies to Boise city, and have broken up Fort Independence and sent the company to the same destination.

MCDOWELL, Major-General.

A Boise City dispatch gives the following extract from a letter received there from Major N. A. Conyer, Indian agent for many years at the Umatilla Reservation: He estimates the Indians on the Yadama Reservation and the renegade bands on the Columbia river from Cebils to White Bluff at about 2,000. I know nothing of the other tribes north. These Indians will not take up arms against the whites. He also says the Coeur d'Alenes will also remain friendly. The reports that the Umatillas are moving to join the hostile Indians are false, none having gone. The chiefs and head men of this reservation are keeping their young men close at home.

FURTHER DETAILS.

Another telegram from Portland contains further details of the fight reported between Colonel Whipple's command and a party of volunteers from Mount idaho and Looking Glass, sub-chief of the hostiles. The fight took place at Clear Creek. Whipple gained an advantageous position and summoned the Indians, forty in number, to surrender. They refused, and ran for their horses. The soldiers and citizens charged, firing volley after volley into the ravages killing seventeen. The remainder succeeded in reaching their horses and escaped. On the 2nd Gen. Howard moved his camp from Salmon river to the table land on the trail near Canal landing on Snake river. Here 16 important caches were discovered, containing a large amount of new clothing, cigars, flour, Indian trinkets, etc. A large band of Indian horses and some excellent beef were also captured. This will be a serious loss to the Indians, and has encouraged the troops. The troops are pursuing Joseph's supposed track, with all possible speed, and are driving him towards the trap prepared for his reception, as every exit from the mountain is all guarded.

—The credit of the country remained good, nay, excellent, from 1794 to 1874 under the double metallic standard, when silver coin was a legal tender along with gold, but now, after the lapse of only four years from the demonetization of silver, we are told by the New York *Times* that a return to the use of silver will destroy the public credit. How, then, were we able to maintain our credit unimpaired for eighty years under its use? Surely eighty years are enough to establish a precedent; and if our credit has been good for that period, for over three-fourths of a century, with gold and silver both in current use, we may safely conclude that the four years which have elapsed since 1873 have not served to change a stubborn fact and made that dangerous in 1877 which was perfectly safe in 1873.—[Clearfield Times.

—A disloyal Southern sheet makes this observation: "The history of no Southern State presents a chapter with one hundredth part of the horrors that we find among the Molly Maguires of Pennsylvania." And the history of no Southern State presents a chapter showing one hundredth part of the vigor and energy with which the Molly Maguires were brought to justice.

—Tammany rule in New York seems to be growing less potential annually. The anti-Tammany Democrats are the more able and trustworthy, if there is such a thing as trusting a Democrat, of the two. By-the-by, Sunset Cox told the Tammanyites, on the 4th, that opposition to Hayes was no longer feasible. That's the most sensible, if not the most brilliant, thing Cox has said for a year.

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7, '77.

National finances, so prominent here a week ago, are yielding their place to Mexican matters, once more uppermost. Diaz is understood to have instructed Gen. Trevino, military commander of Northern Mexico, to resist any attempt of our forces to pursue and punish Mexican marauders upon their Texas neighbors, after they have crossed the Rio Grande southward, with their booty; and the Washington *Nation* asserts the order was lengthily discussed at the last Cabinet meeting. According to common report less than two months ago the emissaries of a junto composed largely of broken down politicians, soldiers of fortune, and seedy adventurers, sought to commit Mr. Evarts to a do-nothing policy in the matter of the alleged expedition being organized within our borders to invade Mexico and to revolutionize the government Diaz has succeeded in establishing by cunning fraud and lawlessness. Gideon Pillow was put forward to urge annexation, on the ground that only in that way could we establish a boundary line that could easily be defended from hostile and thieving Mexicans. It was understood, however, that their mission failed. Mr. Evarts was too old a bird to be caught by such chaff. Their efforts suddenly ceased, apparently; but it is now alleged that, failing here, they turned to Diaz and so exasperated him by their misrepresentations as to induce the order mentioned. But Mr. Blaine gave expression to suspicions that have had a somewhat startling effect, in his 4th of July speech at Woodstock. I believe his speech is generally regarded as premature, but many thoughtful men are ready to admit the possibility, even probability, that his apprehensions are well founded. Whether he shall prove to have been right or wrong the imminent danger of a war with Mexico appears to be conceded here in the highest official quarters. Should it occur, how can indemnity be enforced from an impoverished government, wasted and demoralized by years of internecine strife when not fighting foreign invaders?

People will be divided elsewhere as here upon the appropriateness and good taste of ex-Governor Chamberlain's arraignment, and as to the wisdom of Senator Blaine's utterances. But our relations with Mexico are now the absorbing theme of the hour here, and an early declaration of war would surprise but very few.

The excitement over the Baltimore Custom House has quieted down to a feeling of bitter resentment on the part of the Cresswell faction among Maryland Republicans, and of triumph on the part of their opponents, since the suspension of Wilkins by the President, and the installation of Thomas in his place. A dispatch from Gen. Grant rather confirms the emphatic denial of Wilkins that he agreed to yield to Thomas on the inauguration of a new Republican administration. Of course Republican sentiment is divided as to the merits of the rival claimants, while the Democrats appear supremely happy over the seemingly hopeless split between the Republicans.

The heavy thunder shower of Tuesday evening, accompanied by a magnificent display of lightning, effectually cleared the air of its oppressive sultriness, and never before had we a brighter, more breezy fourth of July. According to custom, the Oldest Inhabitants Association, having as guests the veterans of the 1812 and Mexican wars, had a formal celebration. Reading the Declaration of Independence, singing "The Star Spangled Banner," and the recitation of panegyrics upon the character and public services of the founders of the Republic, included the programme. Richmond, Harper's Ferry and Baltimore were reached by rail by many excursionists from here, while the Potomac river boats carried thousands to the places of rest on that magnificent highway to the ocean. The canal, ambulances, coaches, private conveyances and street cars carried nearly the entire balance of our adult population to the Great Falls on the upper Potomac, and to the outlying groves about Washington and Georgetown. The boys were about the only ones left in town. They ignored the order prohibiting the use of explosives and made the day and evening lively with fire crackers, pistols, toy cannon, Roman candles, pin wheels, rockets, and Devil-chasers.

LOGAN.

GEN. GRANT'S son don't like being lionized in Europe. He says it's a bore.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Poetry.

The Highway Cow.

BY EUGENE J. HAYES.

The hue of her hide was a dusky brown,
Her body was lean and her neck was slim;
One horn turned up and the other down,
She was keen of vision and long of limb;
With a roman nose and a short stump tail,
And ribs like the hoops of a home-made pail.

Many a mark did her old body bear,
She had been a target for all things known;
On many a scar the dusky hair
Would grow no more where it once had grown;
Many a passionate, parting shot
Had left upon her a lasting spot.

Many and many a well-aimed stone,
Many a brickbat of goodly size,
And many a cudgel, swiftly thrown,
Had brought the tears to her bovine eyes,
Or had bounded off from her bony back
With a noise like the sound of a rifle crack.

Many a day had she passed in the pound,
For helping herself to her neighbor's corn;
Many a cowardly cur and hound
Had been transfixed on her crumpled horn;
Many a teapot and old tin pail
Had the farmer boys tied to her time-worn tail.

Old Deacon Gray was a pious man,
Though sometimes tempted to be profane,
When many a weary mile he ran
To drive her out of his growing grain;
Sharp were the pranks she used to play
To get her fill and then get away.

She knew when the Deacon went to town,
She wisely watched him as he went by;
He never passed her without a frown
And an evil gleam in each angry eye;
He would crack his whip in an angry way
And drive along in his "one-horse shay."

Then at his homestead she loved to call,
Lifting his bars with her crumpled horn;
Nimbly scaling his garden wall,
Helping herself to his standing corn;
Eating his cabbages, one by one,
Hurrying home when her work was done.

Often the Deacon homeward came,
H mming a hymn, from the house of prayer,
His hopeful heart in a tranquil frame,
His soul was balm as the evening air,
His head as smooth as a well-worn plow,
To find in his garden that highway cow.

His human passions were quick to rise,
And striding forth with a savage cry,
With fury blazing from both eyes,
And lightnings flash in a summer sky;
Redder and redder his face would grow,
And after the creature he would go.

Over the garden, round and round,
Breaking his pear and apple trees;
Tramping his melons into the ground,
Overturning his hives of bees;
Leaving him angry and badly stung,
Wishing the old cow's neck was wrung.

The mosses grew on the garden wall,
The years went by with their work and play;
The boys of the village grew strong and tall,
And the gray-haired farmers passed away,
One by one, as the red leaves fall,
But the highway cow outlived them all.

All earthly creatures must have their day,
And some must have their months and years;
Some in dying will long delay.
There is a climax to all careers,
And the highway cow at last was slain
In running a race with a railway train.

All into pieces at once she went,
Just like the savings banks when they fail;
Out of the world she swiftly sent,
Little was left but her old stump tail.
The farmers' corn fields and gardens now
Are haunted no more by the highway cow.

The Bride's Return.

She hath her wish,—for which in vain
She pined in restless dreams—
"Oh! is this the home again?
How desolate it seems!
Yet all the dear familiar things
Look as they did of yore;
But oh! the change this sad heart brings—
This is my home no more!

"I left thee!—like the dove of old
I left thy parent breast,—
But on life's waste of waters cold
My soul hath found no rest!
And back the weary bird is come,
Its woes—its wandering o'er;
Ne'er from the holy ark to roam—
Yet this is home no more!

"Oh mother! sing my childhood's songs;
They fall like summer's rain
On this worn heart, that vainly longs
To be all thine again!
Speak comfort to me! call me yet
'Thy Mary'—as of yore,
Those words could make me half forget—
That this is home no more!

"Sit near me! Oh this hour repays
Long years of lonely pain;
I feel as if the old bright days
Were all come back again!
My heart beats thick with happy dreams—
Mine eyes with tears run o'er!
Thou'rt with me, mother! Oh it seems
Like home!—our home, once more!

"Oh home and mother! can ye not
Give back my heart's glad youth!
The visions which my soul forgot!
Or learnt to doubt their truth!
Give back my childhood's peaceful sleep,
Its aimless hopes restore!—
Ye cannot!—Mother, let me weep—
For this is home no more!"

Thou mourner for deserted dreams
On earth there is no rest—
When grief hath troubled the pure streams
Of memory in thy breast!
A shadow in thy path shall lie
Where sunshine laughed before;
Look upwards—to the happy sky!—
Earth is thy home no more!

Our Story Teller.

PASSEE.

Mr. Erskine was an idler that summer, as well as a stranger, in the pleasant town of Brierthorpe. Just up from a typhoid fever, the doctor had ordered him to take his ease and forget business. Mr. Erskine was a single gentleman—a fact which Brierthrope was not slow to discover. He was not without 'means,' the gossips further vouchsafed, and he possessed a fine figure and a comely countenance, with manners so genial and polished as to be irresistible. Naturally the first families were anxious to make the acquaintance of a gentleman so attractive, especially as young men were not abundant, and the supply of marriageable daughters greater than the demand. But they were anxious to show him the civilities due to the stranger within their gates—of course not with the remotest idea, we know, of throwing Florence Ann or Ruth Ellen at his very promising head. And what the first familes had a mind to do, that they speedily accomplished. The Misses Hardacre, having gone out to row in a leaky boat, managed to come to grief one afternoon in Mr. Erskine's neighborhood, where he was varying the solitude by fishing and sketching by turns, with his wherry anchored near. He made haste to go to their assistance, to be sure, as their boat, having hit a sharp tooth of the hidden rocks, threatened to capsize. He took them into his own craft, palpitating with pleasure at the success of their stratagem, and he rowed them against the tide to the border of the paternal acres. The young ladies were rendered fluent by the emotion called gratitude. "Papa would be so glad to make the gentleman's acquaintance; their preserver would always be remembered; would he give them his card and address, that papa might call and thank him?" and so forth and so on.

Mr. Erskine was not sorry that a romantic episode had arrived to vary the monotony of his retirement. The young ladies were pretty, and spoke with the ascent of cultivated people, and wore the fashions of good society. Pere Hardacre called and did the affable thing, and invited the young hero to the house; and before the week ended Brierthorpe rang with the report that Mr. Erskine had rescued Miss Linda from a watery grave at the risk of his life, and was on such intimate terms with the family that the usual *denouement* was imminent. This, however, was not exactly the case. It is true Mr. Erskine became tolerably at home in the Hardacre mansion; that he rode and drove with the girls, especially with Miss Linda; that he taught her to sketch a little, and spent a good deal of his leisure on their croquet ground; that he danced more frequently with her than with the other young ladies to whom the force of circumstances and society had obliged the Misses Hardacre to introduce him; that he walked in the moonlight with Miss Linda—that season so conducive to lunacy—and had the general air of having been smitten by her charms, as well as Brierthorpe could interpret it.

"I worder," said he one evening, "if you know a Miss Laura Loring who lives in this neighborhood somewhere?" It was the night of Mrs. Gore's garden party, and they were loitering in the Pine Grove, through which the Chinese lanterns shed a light as gorgeous as that reflected from painted windows, while the band discoursed some melancholy dance music from some hidden nook, and gay couples were passing and repassing on their way to and from the lawn, where refreshments and walzing were enjoyed. "A friend of mine writes me that she is worth cultivating," he pursued. "'You will find her a great addition to the pleasures of Brierthorpe,' he predicts."

"Laura Loring!" gasped Miss Linda. "Why, your friend must be joking. She's dreadfully *passee*. You wouldn't fancy her at all. She quotes Shakespeare, and makes preserves, and teaches mission schools, and is *so* dowdy. I don't believe she ever had a flirtation in her life."

"Indeed! what a misfortune! Poor misguided girl, I've half a mind to give her an opportunity. However, a brother of my friend fell in love with her while he was studying medicine somewhere here."

"No? Really? She must be *years* older than our set. You don't like *passee* girls?"

"I like charming girls, past, present, or future."

"But *passee* girls are not charming."

"No? Then I am not acquainted with any such unfortunates," he said gallantly.

"No; they are sharp and thin, with crow's-feet about their eyes, and seams in their foreheads. They are all angles, mentally and physically, and they have the air of trying to pass for sweet sixteen."

They were approaching a rustic seat beneath an ancient pine tree, upon which a lady and gentleman sat chatting.

"Let us hasten, please, Mr. Erskine," said Miss Linda, suddenly. "Let us turn into this path; it is a short-cut to the lawn"—it proved a long one. "I am beginning to feel quite chilly. I ought to have brought my wrap."

"Let me fetch it," he asked.

"I wouldn't give you so much trouble, thanks. I am sure there is a seaturn. If you will walk a little more quickly, I shall be all right."

"Shall we join the waltz as a preventive against chills? By-the-bye, did you recognize the two people in the rustic seat, yonder?"

"Were there two people there? Shadows, maybe."

"If the shadow is as beautiful as the lady who turned when we drew near, what must the substance be that cast it?"

"Answer in our next," returned Miss Linda, flippantly, who did not relish the praises of another.

On the whole, Mr. Erskine was well enough satisfied and employed with his present friends, without making any great effort to seek a passee woman, who might, after all, turn out indifferently pleasing. At least Miss Linda was gratified to see that he took no step toward that end. He, however, put the same question to his landlady on one occasion: "Do you know anything of a Miss Loring, Mrs. Pasty?"

"Bless ye, d'ye mean Laury Loring?"

"That is her name, I believe."

"Why, she lives up ter Seven Oaks. It's a putty place, Seven Oaks is—but mortgaged—with no end of gables and pinted roofs and diamond panes in the winders, and a heap of staircases and passages to lose yer way in, and that leads almost anywheres; and sliding panels in the wamscot, and portraits in the halls, out of which the gentlemen and ladies walks at dead o'night in their satins and laces, and toasts each other in the big dining hall. But, law save us! they ain't got much to brag of, them Lorings ain't, now, but the house and grounds and the ghosts of fine forefathers. The help says as how they live mighty nigh the wind; and Miss Laury she'd never wear hoops, and ain't got no taste in g tting herself up. Old maids don't mostly hev."

"Is she an old maid—Miss Laura?"

"I reckon so; never see forty agin, if I'm a judge; only, ye see, the Loring hair holds its own from the cradle to the grave, and that's kinder misleading. She don't hev no attentions from the young fellows, though maybe that's 'cause she don't live handy—some folks like to have their sweathearts within arm's length. I believe the 'Piscopal rector did take to going there to consult some old books, but he hed a call out West. It's romantic like out to Seven Oaks; if ye're partickler, John'd harness up and take ye there any day; it's only a matter of four miles."

But Mr. Erskine was not particular; he intended to go there, sooner or later, before he left Brierthorpe, just to please his friend, but he anticipated no pleasure from the excursion; an old maid in rusty alpaca, with the airs of a miss, presented no attractions to the mind's eye, and he rather looked forward to the occasion as an ordeal, and put off the evil day from week to week. But Fate was even mightier than the will of Mr. Erskine; she carried him to Seven Oaks in spite of himself. It occurred to him one morning when pleasure lagged and Miss Linda had gone to a neighboring town for shopping, that

"A southerly wind and a cloudy sky
Proclaimed it a hunting morning."

He had been advised that he would bag plenty of birds in the Deepden woods, and he boldly took that direction; but finding that the Deepden woods were a fraud, he accepted the further advice of a woodman in the green solitude to go on to Loring's Folly—"As pretty a piece of wood as you're like to see, and the birds they takes to it kindly; only the old man Loring, you see, he built a mill there, where the brook be, and he thought he'd coin money there; but the brook it froze up in the winter and dried up in summer, and the mill fell to pieces—but the birds don't mind." So our sportsman kept leisurely on towards Loring's Folly; and crawling through a tangled thicket, his rifle discharged itself into his side. Somebody gathering ferns in the glen paused to listen to the reverberations of the report, which seemed prolonged far up the wooded hight, and then went slowly on, saying, "Echo, sweet echo, with thee let me die," till suddenly the delicate notes were succeeded by a cry of fear, as she approached the prostrate form of Mr. Erskine. That gentleman was naturally insensible when he was taken up by some wood cutters and carried to the nearest dwelling. He was never himself enough, throughout the day and night, to wonder why he was living there helpless, why there were unfamiliar faces about him; but by the following morning it flashed upon him that he had been out, or had meant to go out, shooting—or had he dreamed it? Had he overslept himself? for the September sky was full of no early light. Then he let his glance escape from the diamond-shaped panes of the mullioned windows to the great mirror with its remnant of gilding, to the quaintly carved chairs with the cushions that had once been gay, to the wide fireside with its glittering dogs, behind which a handful of embers glowed, and back to the bed upon which he lay, with its high, curiously wrought posts and its hanging of faded luster. Had he been lured away into some enchanted prison? And was that a woman, or some cunning piece of sculpture, in the big arm-chair?—a woman fallen asleep as if after long vigils, with her dimpled chin upon her hand—a very fair woman, he thought, with a mobile mouth, and a shadow beneath the closed eyes, cast, perhaps, by the long brown lashes; and maybe a line too many about the brow; but a very fair woman for all that—and how unlike Miss Linda! And then he essayed to lift himself up, and a sharp pain drew him back, and the spell broke, and the sleeping beauty in the antique chair came to life with a start and shiver; and just at that instant the door opened softly, and a medical gentleman entered. Mr. Erskine must have experienced some sensations similar to those of Sigismund, in Calderon's romance of *Life's a Dream*, when he wakened in "sumptuous palaces." Not that there was anything but the reminiscence of luxury in this new situation; the linen upon which he lay was darned, the carpet upon the floor was patched; everything was dim and worn with age and use—everything except the apparition in the arm-chair, with the great sleepy brown eyes locking straight into his.

"And how fares our patient this morning?" said the new comer.

"He has been very quiet since you left him. But perhaps he can speak for himself. I think I had dropped asleep."

"You are not used to vigils, little girl; you are pale yourself. Ah!"—(turning to Erskine)—"our patient looks as if he would like to ask questions. So, so. But not to-day—not to-day; they'll keep."

That was no tedious convalescence of Mr. Erskine's in the quaint old room, into which the sunset stole, rosy red and gold, and touched the faded roses of the chintz into a moment's youth, and lent a magic light to the soft eyes watching beside him. What a tender hand was this which smoothed his pillow or bathed his aching head! how divine, after the heedless touch of a hired nurse! And what a tuneful voice was this that read from the poet and the novelist, and filled their pages with new revelations! What delicious twilights were those, when the young moon glanced in through the casement a moment, and they let their fancies wander into the future, betrayed by its beams, and told each other "fairy tales of science," and grew confidential and personal, and found that they loved the same creeds, and often anticipated each other's thoughts! When he had first been allowed the privileges of speech, "I should be happy to know all about it," he said. "If it were in the days of witchcraft, I should believe myself under some enchantment. At least, I should like to know who it is that works these spells."

"*I* am Laura Loring," said she, smiling; "and you are just as wise as you were before."

"You are an angel, whosoever you are."

"Nobody ever calls me one. Perhaps you are premature; you don't know me well enough."

'Don't know you! Doesn't a sick room reveal character? Don't know you! I believe I knew you when you was a star in the constellation of Cassiopeia and I was a nebulous point in the heavens—"

"Hush! I'm afraid you are wandering again."

"Not far away from here, I trust. And so you are Laura Loring? Well, I hoped to make your acquaintance sooner or later, but hardly expected to bring it about in this way. A gunshot is an ugly affair, but everything has its compensation. And so you are Laura Loring?" he repeated, smiling quietly.

"Did you suppose I was any one else?"

"I never supposed you were Laura Loring. I once asked Miss Linda Hardacre about you, and her description was quite different."

"Indeed? I dare say she flattered the portrait. I believe Miss Hardacre is imaginative."

"She certainly drew on her imagination in this instance." "And so this is Miss Linda's *passee* Miss Loring?" he thought. "For accurate information recommend me to Miss Hardacre. She ought to cultivate the exact sciences, with such a taste for them."

The day arrived when he could walk in the garden with the assistance of Miss Laura. The red leaf had come, the grapes were growing lucent and purple against the sunny wall, the ripened apples were dropping hour by hour, and the gay autumnal glories embroidered the garden borders, and the atmosphere possessed that indefinable sweetness which we call meloncholly.

"I could almost wish to be an invalid forever, and walk these pleasant garden alleys alone with you," he said. "By the way, if that lucky shot had ended my existence, very likely they would have called it suicide because Miss Hardacre refused me." They walked on together in silence for a little space; then, "Why don't you ask me if she did?"

"Because it is none of my affair," said she.

"Oh, isn't it? Do you know, I must have seen you somewhere—in some previous state, if not in this."

"You saw me, or rather I saw you, at Mrs. Gore's garden party. You was walking with Miss Hardacre in the grove, and Mr. Vane said it looked like a match, and I turned to see what a match resembled, and saw you."

"I remember. We had just been speaking of you, as aforesaid. Miss Hardacre had been trying to paint the lily, and had made a wretched daub of it. Perhaps she was conscious of her failure, as she omitted to point out the original."

Somewhat later Mr. Erskine received a note to this effect:

"Dear Mr. Erskine:—If you are able to move, papa will be happy to send the carriage for you on any day you may signify. We fear that you must be dying of ennui in that dungeon keep; and it seems as if you should be with friends instead of strangers. LINDA."

He passed the note to Laura. "Shall I go?" he asked. She waited so long before replying that he began to think that she had not heard. "Shall I go?" he repeated.

"She must be in love with you, or she never would have written like this," said Laura, reflectively. "She would have left it for her father to do. Yes—you—had—better—go."

"Then you are tired of me?"

"Tired? What makes you think so? I should never be tired. I mean—I don't know what. It doesn't matter. But you had better go to Miss Hardacre."

"Because she must be in love with me? And what if I love you instead; must I go then?"

"But you musn't love me—you don't," she cried.

"I know it is wicked to contradict. I like to vindicate my manners—but I do love you."

"I don't know whether to be sorry or not," she said, passing her hand across her brow. "I ought to be sorry."

"Sorry because I love you?" he said, reproachfully.

"Yes, because—don't look at me—because—oh turn your eyes away, Mr. Erskine, or I cannot tell you—because I am already married."

"Married!" The word sounded like a knell. "Married! Good-bye." He rose and staggered across the room. "I could wish that you had told me earlier," loftily. Then melting, "Oh, why did you keep it from me? why, why did you let me love you? Married!"

"I did not suppose it would interest you. There was no occasion to tell it. I have never told it. It happened when I was very young, and romantic as Miss Hardacre, when cousin Jack Loring came down here before his voyage to Calcutta. He was a sailor, and very brave and handsome, and a happy fool—that was sixteen years ago, too—and we fell in love—I mean, we thought so. Not a soul in the house dreamed of it, we were both such children; and so, when he went to the city to join his ship, I was allowed to join with him for the day, just to see the ship and say good-by. And then we hadn't thought of it when we left home, but it seemed to be a good idea to be married; at least Jack said it was, and it seemed very nice and romantic to have such a great secret to carry about with me, and nobody the wiser; for I had read all the novels in grandpa's library. If I had had a mother, you know, it would never have happened, but I couldn't see any wrong in it, and so we found a clergyman, and were married and said good-by in the same breath; and I was still Laura Loring, you see. Poor Jack! the ship was lost; only a mate and two hands were saved, who reported that Jack and others had taken to a raft; and though we never heard from them, he may be still alive somewhere—such things have happened; and I hate Enoch Ardens—and, you see, I am married all the same—and it was very wrong for me, but it was so pleasant—and then it was too late before I guessed. Now you will go away, of course, and forget me and make Linda happy."

Mr. Erskine had drawn nearer while she spoke, and now, taking her hand, he said: "I shall do no such thing; I prefer to be happy myself. I love you. And as for poor Jack, he will never trouble us. He was the last man left clinging to the raft when we sighted it on our way home the year I was supercargo; we thought he was in a stupor when we took him off, but it was death. We did not know where or to whom he belonged; he had no papers or anything to show about him; but 'Jack Loring' was tattooed upon his arm. I have not thought of him for years, poor fellow; and as for the name, there are Lorings and Lorings in my part of the world. Do you still think I had better go to Miss Hardacre?"

"I hope it will not break her heart," said Laura, with tears in her eyes.

And Miss Linda only learned that her passee girl was a widow when she read the marriage of Mr. Clarence Erskine and Mrs. Laura Loring in the "Brierthorpe."

A Test of Character.

"Uncle Henry," said Julia Denham, "may I see you in the library a moment this morning?"

"Certainly, my dear, I am at your command now," and he led the way into the room. He handed his niece to an arm-chair and took a seat opposite her.

"Uncle," said Julia, with a little becoming confusion, "I have received an offer."

"Whew!" exclaimed her uncle, "that is coming to the point with a vengeance."

"And I wish to consult you about it."

"A very sensible resolution. May I know from whom the offer has been received?"

"Edward Fitzroy."

"You have't known him very long?"

"Not—very," Julia said, slowly.

"But you think you know all about him, I dare say. Are you much in love with him?"

"Not desperately," answered Julia, smiling. "At the same time I confess that I am strongly prepossessed in his favor."

"And this prepossession is likely to become a warm sentiment. Well, my little niece, as you have requested my advice, I will give it. I do not object to this lover of yours. Indeed I know nothing against him. But then I know too little of him at any rate to be able to form a deliberate opinion of his character. If I mistake not this is also your case. Now it is my theory that no woman ought to marry unless she is sufficiently well acquainted with her intended husband to have a pretty confident assurance of leading a happy life with him. I therefore counsel you to delay giving your answer for a month, and in that time I will contrive to become better acquainted with him."

"Your advice is good," said Julia, thoughtfully, "and I will follow it."

"Thank you," said her uncle, kindly, "for the confidence you have reposed in my judgment. I sincerely hope that the young man will prove to be all that we can desire."

Edward Fitzroy was in business in the neighboring city. He had embarked a small property inherited from his father, in a dry goods establishment, and having a good business tact, was driving a flourishing trade. His acquaintance with our heroine had commenced during a summer residence at the village which she made her home. It was not strange that he should have been attracted by Julia. Her gayety, vivacity and beauty made her generally admired; and had anything else been requisite the reputation of being her uncle's heiress would have procured her suitors. But it is not necessary to dwell further on this point of our story. We are interested to learn how Uncle Henry's plans succeeded.

He first made cautious inquiries relative to the young man's business standing, all of which were answered satisfactorily. But this did not satisfy him. He wished to see for himself. Accordingly he purchased a suit of clothing so different from that which he was accustomed to wear, that with a pair of green goggles super-added, he felt convinced they would disguise him sufficiently for his purpose. Thus attired he lounged into the store and inquired after some trifling article. He was purposely very slow in being suited, meanwhile he watched with some attention the bearing of Fitzroy, who was trading with a fashionably attired lady at a little distance. Nothing could be more polite or obsequious than the conduct of the young tradesman. With unwearied assiduity he took down from the shelves and displayed a large stock of merchandise, until the fastidious taste of the lady was at last suited.

"He is attentive to his customers," thought Uncle Henry. "That is a good sign. But perhaps that may be simply because she is rich and fashionable. Here's a customer of a different kind. Let me see how he treats her."

At this moment a woman very poorly dressed, with a worn and weary expression, as if she was better acquainted with the dark than the bright side of life, entered the street door and advanced to the counter. The affable smile which Fitzroy had in his interview with the late customer disappeared, and in its place was seen the supercilious glance.

"I would like to look at some calicos," said the customer.

"Here are some," said Fitzroy, curtly, pointing to a pile which lay upon the counter.

He did not stir from his position, but gazed at the woman with an air that seemed to indicate how utterly indifferent he was to her patronage.

"Will you show me some of them," asked the woman, mildly.

"There they are, ma'am; you can see them for yourself."

"What is the price of this?" she inquired, looking at one which lay at the top.

"Ninepence a yard."

"I don't altogether like the figure," said she, after a pause.

"Don't you?" returned Fitzroy, indifferently.

The customer began to examine some of the other prints. Of course in doing so she was obliged to disarrange them somewhat.

"Don't pull them all to pieces," said Fitzroy, rudely. "There isn't much difference in them. You'd better take the first that comes. How much do you want?"

"Ten yards."

"Well, you had better let me cut it off quick, as I can't stand waiting on one customer all day."

Thus importuned, the woman hastily indicated one of the prints, and the required quantity was measured off. Change was hastily made, and the woman departed. Her place was taken by a wealthy lady like the first, the rustle of whose silk proved an immediate passport to the good graces of the young merchant.

"I don't like that," thought Uncle Henry, who had not been unobservant of the little scene. "He had no right to treat one customer better than another. At all events, all ought to be treated with common civility, whatever their attire may be, or however small may be their purchase. These gloves are half a dollar, are they? (these words were addressed to the shopman, who was waiting upon him). Very well, I will take them."

Meanwhile the woman who had just purchased the calico re-entered the store with a hurried step and a look of trouble. She waited until Fitzroy was through with the lady upon whom he was attending, and then pressed to the counter.

"Well, what now?" asked the young man, superciliously.

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"I believe you made a mistake about the change you handed me."

"A mistake!" he repeated. "It is quite impossible."

"But," said the woman, anxiously, "don't you remember that I gave you a two-dollar bill, and you only gave me back two quarters?"

"Wasn't that right?"

"No; I bought ten yards at ninepence a yard, which made but a dollar and a quarter."

"And you handed me a two-dollar bill?"

"Yes."

"Then I must have given you back three quarters."

"But, sir, it cannot be. I have only two."

"Oh, you'll find the other in your pocket, if you haven't spent it," said Fitzroy, insolently.

The woman colored.

"Indeed, sir, I know I am right," she said, troubled.

"It is for your interest, too," he returned, with a sneer.

"And you won't rectify the mistake, then?" said the poor woman, faintly.

"You make a great fuss about a quarter of a dollar."

"It is of some importance to me," said the woman.

"I can't return it," said Fitzroy, shortly. "There is no end to the impositions that would be practiced upon me, if I allowed everybody to come back and claim that they had not received the right change."

Here Uncle Henry, who had listened with indignation to this scene, interfered.

"You are mistaken," said he decidedly. "I saw you hand this lady her change, and you passed her but two quarters."

Fitzroy glanced at the speaker. It has not been mentioned that Uncle Henry, the better to conceal his identity, was coarsely dressed, and accordingly Fitzroy set him down as a person of no consequence. He therefore answered haughtily:

"I shall need more than your word, my good sir. How do I know but you are in league"—

"Good morning, sir," said Uncle Henry, abruptly. "You may hereafter regret this gratuitous insult. Madam, will you allow me a word with you?"

The woman followed him out of the shop, while Fitzroy in no very pleasant mood muttered about the "airs of these beggars."

"Madam," said Uncle Henry, when they were in the street, "will you accept from me this piece of gold which will in a measure atone for this man's rudeness and your loss? Nay, no thanks! What I have witnessed has been worth more to me than the small sum."

At the end of a month Edward Fitzroy came to receive Julia Denham's answer to his suit. He felt quite confident of success—a confidence which was somewhat diminished by the coldness with which she returned his greeting.

"I must decline the honor of your alliance," said she, in answer to his urgent proposal.

"But what can have wrought this change in you?" he asked, his countenance changing.

"I must refer you to my uncle."

Uncle Henry, who entered the room immediately, explained in a few words in what way they had gained an unfavorable impression of his character. He concluded by saying:

"The man who is obsequious to the rich and impertinent to the poor, shall not, with my consent, marry one in whom I feel any interest."

A year afterward Julia formed an alliance with one more worthy of her, and never had cause to regret adopting her uncle's test.

Instructor in astronomy: "And now, young gentlemen, which of you can tell me the name of the greatest of the planets—the champion planet, so to speak—of our solar system?" Student: "I can, sir; it's Saturn." Instructor, hesitatingly: "And how's that pray?" Student: "Why, because he carries the belt!"

Talking of Richardson, Gen. Butler made a very pithy little speech for a sick man when he said, "You can't impeach a man for being a d——d fool!"

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Nichol's Chemistry of the Farm and Sea	1 25
Norton's Scientific Agriculture	75
Onions—How to Raise them Profitably	20
Our Farm of Four Acres. Paper 30 cents; cloth 60 cts; extra cloth	1 00
Parsons on the Rose	1 50
Potato Culture (prize essay)...paper	25
Quinby's Mysteries of Bee-Keeping	1 50
Quincy (Hon. Josiah) on Soiling Cattle	1 25
Quinn's Money in the Garden	1 50
Quinn's Pear Culture for Profit	1 00
Randall's Fine Wool Sheep Husbandry	1 00
Randall's Practical Shepherd	2 00
Randall's Sheep Husbandry	1 50
Richardson on the Dog. Paper 50c; cloth	60
Riley's Potato Pests. Paper 50c; cloth	75
Roe's Play and Profit in my Garden	1 50
Skillful Housewife	75
Stewart's Irrigation for the Farm, Garden and Orchard	1 50
Stewart's Stable Book	1 50
Stewart's Shepherd's Manual	1 50
Stoddard's An Egg Farm. Pa. 50c; cloth	75
Thomas's Farm Implements & Machinery	1 50
Tim Bunker Papers; or, Yankee Farming	1 50
Tobacco Culture, By fourteen experienced cultivators	25
Waring's Draining for Profit and Health	1 50
Waring's Elements of Agriculture	1 00
White's Cranberry Culture	1 25
Woodward's Cottages and Farm Houses	1 50
Woodward's Suburban and Country Houses	1 50
Woodward's Country Homes	1 50
Woodward's Graperies and Horticultural Buildings	1 50
Woodward's National Architect	12 00
Wright's Practical Poultry-Keeper	2 00

9 22-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

STATE COLLEGE HOTEL,

CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

TROUT FISHING.
MOUNTAIN AIR.
GOOD ROADS
FINE SCENERY.

Hotel all that could be desired for health and comfort. Board, $6 per week. Horse and carriage hire reasonable. 22-3t

JOHN W. STEWART, Proprietor.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN

DRUGGIST,

BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE

Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and mily recipes. v6n1-1y.

THOMAS H. RHOADS

is prepared to do

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING

at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention. ☞ Satisfaction guaranteed. v8n12-1y

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SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

GEO. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, has resumed the practice of Dentistry, and is now permanently located in Bellefonte, at his residence on the corner of High and Allegheny streets Having practiced 11 years, is prepared now to do work in the latest improved style. 8-23-1y

---

JOHN H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing for local business a number of the best and safest companies doing business in Centre county, and persons wanting either Fire or Life Insurance will do well to give him a call.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq.

BELLEFONTE, April 3, 1877. 14-6m

Wilson & Macfarlane.—Hardware.

P. B. WILSON. ROBT. MACFARLANE.

NEW AND CHEAP HARDWARE STORE.

We have opened an **Entire New and Fresh Stock** of all kinds of Goods kept in a Hardware store. Having purchased from First Hands, at Factory Prices, and part being bought at Bankrupt Sale for Cash, we are enabled to sell at extremely low prices, which we are positively doing. Our stock of

RANGES, HEATERS, PARLOR & COOK STOVES

are Guaranteed to give satisfaction. **Prices Greatly Reduced.** We have a great variety of

House Furnishing Hardware,

Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Carpet of all widths, Window Shades, Picture Mouldings, Frames made to Order, Mirror Plate and Mirrors.

Also, Children's Perambulators, Buggies, Waggons, wheelbarrows, Etc. We have a nea stock of TOY FURNITURE FOR CHILDREN, such as Bureaus, Cupboards, Tubs, Wash Sets, Chairs, Trunks, Hoops, Etc.

TO PAINTERS.—Our PURE LEAD, manufactured by Armstrong & McKelvy surpasses all other Leads, in Quality for Whiteness, Covering Properties and Durability. We guarantee it Strictly Pure. Each keg warranted. Colors of all kinds prepared for Ready Use. Also, all kinds of Varnishes, Linseed, Neatsfoot, Lard, Whale, Lubricating and Coal Oils.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Plows, Cultivators, Shovel Plows, Cultivator Teeth, Grain Cradles, Rakes, Shovels, Forks, Etc.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails—Iron, Steel, Etc., of all kinds and Sizes.

COACH AND WAGONMAKERS will do well to call and examine our stock of Wood Work, as we have selected with great care, and of a superior article, which we will sell at the very bottom Prices.

TO BUILDERS.—Our stock is large and embraces everything needed in building, Locks, Hinges, Glass, Putty, Nuts, Bolts, Chisels, Planes, Mill and Cut Saws, Hand, Panned and Whip Saws, made by Disston, the Champion Saw maker of the world.

SADDLERS' GOODS.—A complete assortment. We will sell at reduced prices, equa to city rates.

We have in connection a TIN SHOP, conducted by Mr. E. A. SMITH, with a ll kinds of Tin Ware on hand. Orders left for Roofing, Spouting, Repairing, promptly attended to All work warranted of the very best.

We are determined not to be undersold. We will satisfy the people that we will substantiate what we advertise. Call, as we will take pleasure in showing our goods. Orders will receive our immediate attention—goods delivered at the depot same day.

Rooms Nos. 7 & 8 Humes's Block
9-14 tf 6 Doors North of Post-office.

WILSON & MACFARLANE.

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja'71-tf.

JOHN P. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'76-tf.

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8-1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8-4-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefont Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. C. T. ALEXANDER. C. M. SOWERS.

ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office north-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank 7-1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorney's at law. Office on Allegheny St., over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-law. Office North side of Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

A. A. DALE, Attorney at Law, Boulder City, Colorado. Money loans negotiated at 10 per cent. per annum. Interest paid semi-annually if desired. Loans secured by first lien on good real estate at one-half its actual value. Commissions paid by borrower Investments made in first-class gold and silver mining property. 2no6-1y

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Banks and Bankers.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.

BANKERS.

LEMONT CENTRE CO., PA.

v6n1-1y

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 7-15-tf

H. H. MOTHERSBAUGH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Office at his drug store, in Beech Creek, Clinton county, Pa. Also dealer in pure drugs and medicines, fancy and toilet articles, etc. v6n41-1y*

DR. L. I. KIRK.

DR. J. B. LAIRD, OF MILESBURG, A graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having had an experience of over twenty years in civil and military practice, offers his professional services to the public.

☞ Female Complaints and Chronic Diseases made a specialty. v8n1-1y

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Plaster.

PLASTER AT REDUCED PRICES.

Shortlidge & Co.

announce that they are selling the celebrated Cayuga Plaster at reduced prices. They also make a liberal discount to farmers and others buying in full car loads. Where farmers join to buy car loads, full weight will be given and no charge for re-weighing. We have the very best evidence that

THE CAYUGA IS NOT EXCELLED

by any other plaster in use for Agricultural purposes. The

PRICE BEING THE LOWEST

makes it most profitable for farmers' use. 9-16-tf

Merchant Tailors.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW.

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a fu assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-12—tf

A MAN OF A THOUSAND.

Having discovered, in a manner which might be considered almost providential, a positive cure for Consumption and all lung complaints, I fell it my duty to make it known in a practical manner by furnishing a sample bottle, free of charge, to all sufferers, my only hope of remuneration being that the medicine will perform all I claim for it. The ingredients are of the choicest herbal products and perfectly safe; will be sent FREE TO ALL. Address at once, DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J.; or may be had of C. H. ELSE & BRO., Druggists, Milesburg, Pa. 9-11 1y

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DIVORCES

Legally and quietly obtained in every State and Territory, for Incompatibility and other causes, no matter where the party resides. 15 years experience. Fee after decree. All letters confidential. Address A. J. DEXTER Att'y, Rooms 8 & 9, 137 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill Unquestionable references given. Correspondence with the legal profession invited. 13 4m

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SEND 25c to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimate showing cost of advertising. 8lotf

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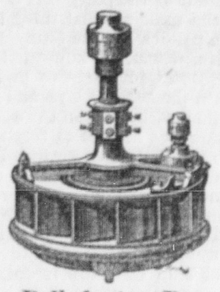
Foundries.

W. P. Duncan & Co,



Bellefonte, Pa.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

BELLEFONTE PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

v6n16s812-1y

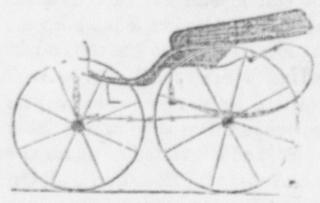
Carriages.

REMOVAL.

EDWARD A. BULLOCK & CO,

MILESBURG.

MANUFACTURERS OF



BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS,

AND LUMBER WAGONS

Having rebuilt our factory, lately burned in the great fire at Milesburg, we have removed from Bellefonte, and can now be found at our new place of business near

CENTRAL CITY MILLS.

Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.

Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our motto is, **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**

7-23-1y

GO TO

J. R. BARTROFF

FOR FINE

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS, ETC.

Repairing promptly and neatly done at reasonable rates. 22-3m

E. Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WILLIAM S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS & STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

W. S. GALBRAITH,
Bellefonte, Pa's.

7-1y

Dyeing.

DYEING!

Mrs. Susannah Shope,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

will receive Cloths and Dress Goods, and Articles of Clothing, and Dye them

Any Color to Suit the Owner.

SILK DYEING MADE A SPECIALTY.

Persons wishing dyeing will please send for samples. Residence near the Union Cemetery. 9 10 1y

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Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and ewelry repaired upon shortest notice. vol7-no8-tf

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ESTABLISHED 1865.

American and Foreign Patents.

GILMORE & CO., SUCCESSORS TO CHAPMAN, HOEMER & CO., Solicitors. Patents procured in all countries, No fees in advance. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. Special attention given to Interference Cases before the Patent Office, Extensions before Congress, Infringement suits in different states, and all litigation appertaining to Inventions or Patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of sixty pages.

Old Bounty Land Warrants.

The last Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office shows 2,697,500 acres of Bounty Land Warrants outstanding. These were issued under act of 1585 and prior acts. Gilmore & Co. pay cash for them. Send by registered letter. Where assignments are imperfect we give instructions to perfect them.

United States General Land Office.

Contested land cases prosecuted before the United States General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private land claims, mining and pre-emption claims and homestead cases attended to.

Arrears of Pay and Bounty.

Officers, soldiers, and sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and a full reply, after examination, will be given you free.

Pensions.

All officers, soldiers, and sailors wounded, ruptured, or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Cases prosecuted by Gilmore & Co. before the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, and the Southern Claims Commission.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under the charge of the same experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to Gilmore & Co. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it.

Address Gilmore & Co.,
47-tf WASHINGTON, D. C.

Scales.

FAIRBANKS'

Standard Scales,

Made with the Latest and most Valuable Improvements.

SCALES THE WORLD'S STANDARD.

RECEIVED HIGHEST MEDALS AT

World's Fair, London, 1851 | World's Fair, Vienna, 1873
World's Fair, N. Y., 1853 | World's Fair, Santiago (Chili) 1875
World's Fair, Paris, 1867 | World's Fair, Phila., 1876

ALSO

COFFEE & SPICE MILLS, TEA & COFFEE CANS, STORE TRUCKS, &c.

Agents for Miles's Alarm Money Drawers.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
21 3m. 715 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Cattle Powders.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases Incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canada and S. America.

PATENTS!

Fees Reduced. Entire Cost $35. Patents filed for $15 in advance, balance $20 within six months after patent allowed. Advice and examination free. Inventors should

J. VANCE LEWIS & CO.,
19 4m Washington, D. C.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance

OUR TERMS.
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, notexceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
Inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte Pa

Meeting of the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County.

The members of the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county are requested to meet at the office of Hon. Wm. P. Wilson, in Bellefonte, on Wednesday, July 18, 1877, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing delegates to the Republican State Convention, which meets at Harrisburg on the 29th of August, and for transacting such other business as may be brought before them. A full attendance is desired.

By order of the Chairman,
D. H. HASTINGS, Sec.
BELLEFONTE. June 30, 1877.

The Cross and the Crescent.

The American people are distant, yet most deeply interested spectators of the desperate struggle now in progress between the Muscovite and the Turk. The vast array of forces on either side, the character of the combatants, the relentless, obstinate courage of the Russian, the fanatic valor of the Turk, the complication of interests which seem destined to involve all Europe in the strife, and the effect which such a war is likely to have upon the agricultural and industrial pursuits of this country, are points which give to this contest a deep and absorbing interest.

And yet, it is a fact that the mass of Americans are almost wholly without any definite knowledge of the regions most directly and primarily concerned in this war. To most readers of our newspapers, the news from the seat of war is in a large degree unintelligible, from the lack of information as to those people and countries. Moreover, the demand for this information has developed the fact that there is not extant any book giving what is wanted, in reliable and popular form.

We are glad, therefore, to receive from the well-known publishing firm of Hubbard Bros., advance sheets of a forthcoming volume, entitled "*The Cross and the Crescent; or, Russia and Turkey, and the Countries Adjacent.*" It is from the pen of the well-known historian, Dr. L. P. Brockett, and gives a full and complete description of the countries bordering on the Black Sea, the Danube, the Euphrates and the Tigris; including their Extent, Physical and Political Geography; their History, with all its Varied and Thrilling Incidents; the Religion, Customs, Habits, Manners, and Character of each Nationality; their Military, Naval and Financial Resources; the Causes and Influences which led to this and former Wars, and a Full and Clear Explanation the Complications which are driving the Nations of Western Europe into participation in it; the Massacres in Bulgaria; the Oppression and Cruelty which have goaded other Provinces and Tributary States into Insurrection, and the Despotic Sway of the Russian Government, all depicted with great Vividness and Force. It also contains Biographical Sketches of all the Prominent Actors in the War now in progress, Monarchs, Rulers, Statesmen, and Generals, with Portraits of many of them.

Aside from its relation of passing events, this is a most valuable and richly interesting volume. The brilliant, bloody, and eventful history of these nations, the character of their governments, the peculiarities of the people, their religious beliefs, their social customs, habits and manner of life, present a subject full of novelty and instruction, and treated by so able and brilliant an author as Dr. Brockett, would at any time attract wide attention; but coming as it does, in reponse to an urgent demand for just the information here given, it will everywhere meet with an eager reception, and prove to be the most important publication of the year.

Newmeyer on Pennsylvania Politics.

THE following dispatch to the Philadelphia *Times* will be of interest, although political news from that source must be read with a wide degree of allowance:

WASHINGTON, July 6.

Senator Newmeyer, of Pittsburgh, Speaker of the Pennsylvania State Senate, is here, as attorney in some patent cases. He is one of the prominent politicians of Western Pennsylvania and an uncompromising partisan. In an interview with your correspondent the Speaker said: "I think things are much mixed. It looks as if we (the Republicans) were going to be beaten this fall. Our people are not satisfied, and the convention will never indorse Hayes' Southern policy. My county (Allegheny) has passed resolutions against Hayes' policy, and our delegates will vote and work against any such indorsement. Our delegates are instructed for Judge Sterrett and after that they are left free to do as they please, so far as the Auditor-General and Treasurer are concerned. It is a mistake to suppose that Don Cameron desires the defeat of the party this fall. It would be the most suicidal thing I ever heard of in politics for the Camerons to aid in such a defeat. I know it is not so, because Don Cameron was in Pittsburgh within the last ten days, and I had a conversation with him on the subject, and he announced himself as very desirous to have the State ticket carried by a good majority; and he thought it could be done, but it would require thorough organization throughout the State and much hard work; but nevertheless he thought it would be accomplished. I am sure Senator Don Cameron is doing all he can for the success of the party. The recent order of the President which pulls out the teeth and cuts off the claws of every good Republican in office, has very much discouraged our people, and they say, 'Oh, hell! What's the use of our working and voting,' and there is no power that can get those sort of people out to vote."

The Speaker further said: "I do not despair; I think the State will be saved, but, of course, by a reduced majority, and it's going Republican will not be on account of any good that the present administration does the party in the State."

In reference to the Philadelphia Custom House and other Federal appointments in Philadelphia, the Speaker said he had no preference and had not bothered about it. He had no idea that there would be any changes in the Federal offices at Pittsburgh, and was sure that Rutan would hold on to his office and be as lively a worker for his party as ever. He said that business was very dull in his part of the country, and that this state of things added strength to the Democratic party, as the workingmen looked upon the action of the administration as the cause of all their troubles. The Speaker was very confident, however, that the Republican party would come out from under its present scathing fire stronger than ever.

Crookedness in Oregon.

The United States Senate Committee are now in Oregon looking up the crookedness of ex-Governor Grover, now United States Senator. After his election legislators suddenly paid off mortgages, flourished twenty dollar gold pieces and invested in steam saw mills. A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, on Saturday says:

Before the Senatorial Investigating Committee, W. J. McConnell, of Yamhill county, testified that Wilson, a member of the House from Tillamook county, who voted for Grover after being elected under a pledge to vote for Nesmith, and whose property was heavily mortgaged before the meeting of the Legislature, paid some of his debts and cancelled his mortgages as soon as its adjournment took place; that he was seen to display considerable sums of money, and changed twenty dollar pieces frequently in Portland just after the Senatorial election.

W. J. Miller, of Wasco, testified that Butler, a member of the House from that county, who was supposed to be in limited circumstances before the election, immediately after purchased a half interest in a steam saw mill for $3,000

The parties managing the investigation say they are only on the threshhold of the testimony.

Mosier, of Wasco, who approached ex-Senator Nesmith and wanted money for his vote, and afterwards voted for Grover, and who told Goodman, Senator from Linn county, that money could be had, and that it was right to take it, is keeping out of the way of the United States Marshal; when last heard from he was more than one hundred miles from home in the mountains; it is not believed he will be found; it has not yet been possible to find Butler, Mosier's fellow-member, and it is feared both will elude the Commission who are making every effort to secure the attendance of these persons.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE.

A Portland dispatch dated the 7th says that the investigating committee examined at great length W. H. N. Stiles. He testified that he was a Democrat; acted with that party in Salem; was in favor of S. F. Chadwick first, and after that Grover, and I worked for him; there were some among the Democrats who were in favor of Nesmith; there were five or six Democrats who would not go into caucus; think it was generally understood by Grover's friends that I was for him for Senator; never was in Grover's private rooms; saw Grover in conversation with Gilfry at the Chemeleka Hotel in Salem on the night before the election; it was about midnight; heard Grover ask if Goodman could be depended on for the next day; Gilfry answered—"Yes, but it will

COST A THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR HIS VOTE"

Grover answered good, "if we do not succeed on the first ballot we are lost;" all this was in a low tone of voice; know Mosier; saw him in Gilfry's office after the Senatorial election; saw him come out of the Governor's office; he had some money in his hand; he counted the amount, $750; was in the Governor's office about half an hour after Gilfry came out of the Governor's office; heard talking going on in the office while Mosier was in there and after; Gilfry may have come into the Governor's office from the outside door; had a talk with Goodman, of Umatilla, before the election, and asked him why he would not vote for Grover, and he said, "I don't think Grover is an honest man, for he promised me one of the highest offices in his gift if I supported him;" asked Palmer, of Banton county, what people would say if he voted for Grover? he replied he did not care; he had a better thing; subsequently he told me he was to have charge of the penitentiary; Gilfry was Grover's private secretary. Witness, by permission, stated that he volunteered his testimony because Grover attempted to wrong Oregon out of her full Presidential vote.

Additional Locals.

——Pay our collector when he comes along. We must have our money, especially from those who have been owing us for years. Don't make us carry you from year to year; it is unjust.

——We are indebted to Hon. Fred Kurtz for an advanced copy of his report of the great pic-nic at Spring Mills on the 4th inst., which we would have been glad to publish, but it was received too late for this issue.

——Mars is now the morning star and is at present exciting great interest among astronomers. In September it will be nearer the earth than it has been before in thirty years, and it is expected it will be the means of yielding some data in fixing the distance of the sun.

——Last Fourth Mr. Cal Harper, deputy Prothonotor, took his lady out for a pleasure drive to Spring Mills. While there he had the misfortune to have his horse die, which left him under the necessity of finding some other conveyance home. The horse belonged to Messrs. Spangler & Foster, of this place.

——F. D. McCollum, of the Bush House, is a business man from the ground up, and spares no pains to furnish his guests with all the delicacies of the season. A few days ago he received a large lot of lake trout. He did not forget the editor, but sent us over a nice large trout weighing about six pounds. He has our thanks, and may success always attend him.

DON'T FORGET.—Our agent starts today upon a route which takes in Beech Creek, Blanchard, Howard, Mt. Eagle and Roland. We hope that all who owe us in these places will be ready with the cash. It costs a nice little sum to keep a man out on the road with a horse and rig, and we hope our readers will remember this and give him money enough to pay his way along; and please give him all the information about dead beats that you can.

FOR LOVE'S SAKE.—We see with much pain how frequently a husband or wife is quick-sighted to see the faults or mistakes in one another which would not be noticed in a friend or acquaintance. This ought not so to be. Those who are to walk through life together should be slow to find faults and quick to see and recognize a deed well done, however simple, for love's sake, and also for the good such examples can do to the young under their care, who are so easily influenced, and that there may be no bitter repentance for their reaping by-and-by. If they will do all this and also buy their groceries at Sechler's famous grocery in the Bush House block, where none but the best are kept or sold, they will live happy, die respected and go to heaven at last—but do not forget to buy your groceries at Sechler's.

——Woodward, the first town in Pennsvally, is about as neat and cozy a little rural village as one comes across in many a days' travel. Situated at the entrance of "The Narrows," almost surrounded by forests, with a sylvan mountain as a back-ground, the view from the hills west of town affords a very beautiful perspective. Nor does Woodward loose anything upon a closer inspection. Neat and comfortable homes, with tasty surroundings, are the rule. The residences of Noah Weaver, G. R. Spigelmeyer and Mrs. Motz are particularly worthy of mention here. The business features of Woodward are a good grist mill, saw mill, hotel, a first class store with two active, wide awake business men in it—to say nothing of an extensive whisky factory. A good and spacious school house tells you that the education of the young is not neglected, while a handsome church with its tall spire pointing heavenward, opens its hospitable doors to the villagers every Sabbath. Altogether we like Woodward, and are happy to count many of its people among our friends.—[*Millheim Journal.*

SCHOOL BOARD.—The board of school directors of our borough met on the 6th instant to elect a Principal to take charge of our public schools. We are informed that this was the second meeting for that purpose. Messrs. Harper, Hoffer, Keller and Snyder voted for a Mr. Bitner and Messrs. Furst, Furey, Harris and Spear voted for James H. Rankin, Esq. Mr. Rankin, being a member of the board, did not vote. We don't know anything about the qualifications of Mr. Bitner, nor do we know anything about Mr. Rankin as a teacher only as we have heard him spoken of by a great many intelligent and respectable citizens, who speak in the most favorable terms of his ability and success as a teacher. It is a matter of very little importance to us whom the board shall engage if they only succeed in employing a proper teacher. The people of this borough have spent upwards of fifty thousand dollars in providing the necessary grounds, building and school furniture to facilitate the public education of our children. The state has also provided normal schools for the education of professional teachers. Notwithstanding all these expenditures and provisions, the principalship of our public schools has never been filled with a professional teacher. The gentlemen who have heretofore been employed made their engagements a secondary affair to the pursuit of some other profession. In other words, they made it a convenience to raise funds to enable them to prosecute other duties.

We hold such proceedings as this to be an imposition upon the tax-payers as well as great injustice to the public school children. The directors will be chargeable with dereliction of duty if they shall tolerate a repetition of former engagements. We suggest that the citizens should post themselves on the doings of our directors and hold them responsible for dereliction of duty as well as the teachers. This of itself will prompt directors to more carefully consider their doings, and ultimately bring about the desired reformation.

POSITIVE RESULTS.—There are numerous remedies that cure something and become trusted as useful, but none have ever proved so effectual—cured so many and such remarkable cases—as Dr. Ayer's medicines.

The Cherry Pectoral has restored great numbers of patients who were believed to be hopelessly affected with consumption.

Ague Cure breaks up chills and fever quickly and surely.

Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla eradicates scrofula and impurities of the blood, cleanses the system and restores it to vigorous health. By its timely use many troublesome disorders that cause a decline of health are expelled or cured.

Ayer's Pills and their effects are too well known everywhere to require any commendation from us here.—*Scranton (Pa.) Times.*

THINK OF THIS.—Out of one hundred thousand bottles of Jamaica Vegetable Health Elixir sold last year, $1,000 were saved to the purchasers. This is one reason that we sell this valuable medicine at ninety-nine cents per bottle; and another reason is that we desire to attract public attention to it wherever it is not generally known. For all common diseases, such as headache from disordered stomach, constipation, loss of appetite, indigestion, biliousness, and a debilitated state of the system from impoverished blood, this remedy stands without a parallel. Regular size and sample bottles for sale by F. P. Green, Bellefonte. eow

——Owing to the excitement incident to the grand opening of the new railroad, the old hostler at the Spring Mills hotel fell dead while unhitching a horse. Squire Herring was called in to hold an inquest, but as the death was in no way mysterious preferred not to put the county to useless expense. A lesson that other squires may well profit by.

—The red man, Lo! don't come up to the scratch as smart as usual. His powers of resistance and persistence are waning.

—Gen. McClellan (George B.) is writing a series of articles for the *North American Review* on the operations of the Russo-Turkish war. When he comes to the digging portions of these actions the General's lubrications will be highly interesting.

—The French election occurs in September, and for two months to come the two parties will strain every nerve in the work of preparation. The Ministry evidently mean to use all the power at their command to defeat the popular will, but the Republicans are many and watchful.

—The Democratic press strongly commend the President for his refusal to permit officials to operate in conventions. Will the Democratic party enter into a binding agreement to enforce a similar rule, should they, by accident, ever gain power? It is the Republican party that feels the weight of the order just now.

—And now the South is prompt to resist the attempt of Tilden's friends to shove him on the party for a second defeat as a Presidential candidate. A strong Hendricks faction is at work in the South, which means that the Northern dough-face must come under the lash.

"Them Glass Works."

What May be Considered the "True Inwardness" of the Mission of Those "Nice" Belgian Gents.

[From the Altoona Globe.]

The people of Tyrone may be a little "off" in some things, but in the matter of organizing plate glass manufacturing companies they are not to be taken in. When Messieurs Gobert and Brasseur, or whatever their names may be, arrived in Tyrone, the council appropriated $15 to pay their hotel bills, merely as an act of hospitality. Then the band volunteered a serenade, after which the Belgian "commissioners" and the Tyroners got down to business, and commenced to talk plate glass. The works would cost so and so; the people of Tyrone would be expected to subscribe something like $100,000 worth of stock—$50,000 cash. "Zee, gentlemens, ze fifty tousand tollar is ze bonus—zat bonus for ze machinery. Ze machinery, gentlemens, will cost 'bout one hundred and fifty tousand tollar, and we pay zer fifty tousand tollar to ze manufacturer as evidenz zat we take zem—ze machinery." The Tyroners suggested that it seemed unnecessary to pay the money as an "evidence that the machinery would be taken," as it could be purchased from the manufacturers through responsible parties in this country; the Belgian gentlemen said, however, that things are not done in Belgium as they are in America; they would take the fifty thousand dollars, go to Belgium, order the machinery which would be ready in about six months, return to this country in the meantime and have the buildings erected for the reception of the same on its arrival. The Tyrone people, however, were not to be gulled by such stories, hence the Belgian gentlemen started for Huntingdon. There they fared a little better. Although they didn't get the fifty thousand, yet they were feasted and escorted to Philadelphia by committees, and lionized considerably. But the bottom has fallen out of the whole affair. It turns out that none of the Belgian gentlemen are worth any money, and the scheme has all the appearance of a poorly-planned attempt at plunder on a large scale.

"The Sure Witness."

"The nineteenth century is the age of novels," remarks a literary historian,—he might have added with equal truth, "and novel impositions." Studied politeness has been passed off on us for native refinement, the forms of devotion for its essence, and speculation for science, until we look askance at every new person or thing, and to an assertion of merit, invariably exclaim, "Prove it!" In brief, Satan has made himself so omnipresent that we look for his cloven foot everywhere—even in a bottle of medicine. Imagine a lady, having a complexion so sallow that you would deny her claims to the Caucasian type if her features did not conform to it, purchasing her first bottle of the Golden Medical Discovery. The one dollar is paid in the very identical manner in which Mr. Taylor might be expected to purchase a lottery ticket after his experience with "No. 104,163," with this difference, his doubt would be the result of personal experience, while hers would be found on what a certain practitioner (who has been a whole year trying to correct her refractory liver) has said concerning it. At home, she examines the bottle half suspiciously, tastes of its contents carefully, takes the prescribed dose more carefully, and then proceeds to watch the result with as much anxiety as a practitioner who would count the pulse beats of a dying man. She takes another dose, and another, and shows the bottle to her friends, telling them she "feels better." Her skin loses its biliousness, her eyes regain their lustre, her accustomed energy returns, and the fact that she purchases another bottle is a sure witness that she has found the Golden Medical Discovery to be a reliable remedy for the disease indicated. The lady wisely resolves that in the future her estimate of my medicine will be based upon a personal knowledge of its effects, and not upon what some practitioner (who always makes long bills rhyme with pills) may say of it. Dr. Pierce is in receipt of letters from hundreds of the largest wholesale and retail druggists in the United States stating that at the present time there is a greater demand for the Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets than ever before. In affections of the liver and blood they are unsurpassed.

Letter from Rev. Sylvanus Cobb, of Boston, editor of the "Christian Freeman."

BOSTON, December 24, 1869.

DEAR SIR.—It may be of some satisfaction to you to be informed of the result of the trial of the "Peruvian Syrup" in my family. My daughter was brought low by a typhoid fever last spring, and after the fever left her she continued very weak, and the simplest food distressed her. For months she remained in the same debilitated condition; but from the 1st of September last, when she commenced taking the Syrup the digestive functions improved, and she steadily gained strength and vivacity; and now, having taken two bottles, she is restored to a good state of health; indeed, she appears more really healthy than she has for several years past. I am of opinion that the "Protoxide of Iron," contained in the Peruvian Syrup, was adapted to her case, and effected what no other known medicine could have effected.

Yours truly, S. COBB.

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

DR. VAN DYKE, whose life long specialty, and world-wide reputation for curing Skin Diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an EXTERNAL TREATMENT. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "SULPHUR SOAP," the merits of which are spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cts., by mail, 35 cts. a box; 3 cakes, 60 cts., by mail 75 cts. Office, 50 N. 5th st. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d st., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists. 9 27 1yeow

FOUR years last March I commenced selling Shriner's Balsamic Syrup; I have used it myself and gave it to my children for coughs, croups, asthma, bronchitis, etc. No better medicine can be found. For infants it is superior to anything I know of. Every house should have a supply at hand. R. S. BROWN.
LEXINGTON, Mich.

Dry Goods.

WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
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THAT ALL OUR PRICES
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WE HAVE Carpets at 20 cents WE HAVE
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WE HAVE Carpets at 35 cents WE HAVE
WE HAVE Tapestry Brussels at $1 WE HAVE
WE HAVE Tapestry Brussels at $1 WE HAVE

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WE HAVE Dolmans at $3 50 WE HAVE
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LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
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IN THE LATEST STYLES
IN THE LATEST STYLES
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IN THE LATEST STYLES

We Have Dress Goods at 8 cts We Have
We Have Dress Goods at 10 cts We Have
We Have Dress Goods at 12½ cts We Have
We Have Ladies' Shoes at $1.00 We Have
We Have Ladies' Shoes at $1.25 We Have
We Have Ladies' But'n shoes at $1.50 We Have
We Have Men's Plow shoes at $1.25 We Have

In fact, our entire stock which has just been received at prices that will well afford comparison with any others.

S. & A. LOEB.

HARDWARE AND STOVES! HARDWARE AND STOVES!

THOMAS A. HICKS & BRO.

We have a very large and complete stock of Hardware, the largest that was ever before offered by any firm to the people of this county, and are selling at the very lowest possible rates

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS, LOCKS, GLASS AND PUTTY,

Pure White Leads and Linseed Oil; Turpentines and Varnishes, all which we warrant to give satisfaction. Our Pure Lead will cover as much surface as any in the market and cannot be excelled for whiteness. **READY MIXED PAINT** put up in any quantity to suit people, from one-pound cans to one gallon cans, all ready for use. These paints we warrant to be mixed with pure lead and oil, and are free from all adulteration.

MECHANICS' TOOLS.—We pay special attention to this branch, and keep a full line of Saws, Chisels, Hammers, and Bailey's Iron Planes; **Horse Nails of all kinds,** Trace Chains, Hames, Etc. FULL LINE OF SADDLERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. COACH WOOD WORK—Spokes, Felloes, Patent Wheels of the most improved patents; Mrs. Potts' Improved Flat Irons, cheap, convenient and durable—polished or nickel-plated. Johnston's Prepared Kalsomine; put up in 6 pound packages; easily put on, and cheaper than paper. We have all colors.

STOVES.

We have the only Reversible, Top-plate Cooking Stoves in the market. The Keystone, Susquehanna and Juniata, which we warrant to be the best Bakers and the heaviest stoves in the market, we will sell at the very lowest price and give written guarantees. Also all kinds of Ranges and other Stoves COME AND SEE OUR KEYSTONE COOK STOVE; IT IS THE HANDSOMEST IN THE WORLD.

FOR THE LADIES.—Our attention has been called to some new and useful cooking utensils recently invented, one of which is known as the Centennial cake and baking pan, made of Russia iron, and is so constructed that after your cake is baked, you can instantly remove it from the pan without injuring it; and having a raised bottom the cake cannot possibly burn. It is also provided with a slide on the bottom, so that when you remove the tube, you can close the hole, making a pan with plain bottom for baking jelly or plain cakes, bread, etc. Another—the "kitchen gem"—is also a very useful and long-needed household necessity. It is a plated wire boiler or steamer to hang inside of an ordinary iron pot, for boiling or steaming vegetables, which, when done, can be easily removed perfectly dry without lifting the heavy, sooty iron pot off of the stove, avoiding the danger of burning the hands with the steam in pouring off the hot water. And the vegetables cannot possibly burn, if the water boils dry, as the steamer does not touch the bottom of the pot.

These goods are sold exclusively through agents to families, giving universal satisfaction, and presents a splendid opening for some reliable lady or gentleman canvasser of this county to secure the agency for a profitable business. For terms, territory, etc., write to L. E. Brown & Co., Nos. 214 and 216 Elm street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic.

In the atmosphere experienced here during the summer months, the lethargy produced by the heat take away the desire for wholesome food, and frequent perspirations reduce bodily energy, particularly those suffering from the effects of debilitating diseases. In order to keep a natural healthful activity of the system we must resort to artificial means. For this purpose Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is very effectual. A few doses will create an appetite and give fresh vigor to the enervated body. For dyspepsia it is invaluable. Many eminent physicians have doubted whether dyspepsia can be permanently cured by the drugs which are generally employed for that purpose. The Sea Weed Tonic in its nature is totally different from such drugs. It contains no corrosive minerals or acids; in fact it assists the regular operations of nature, and supplies her deficiencies. The Tonic in its nature so much resembles the gastric juice that it is almost identical with that fluid. The gastric juice is the natural solvent which, in a healthy condition of the body, causes the food to be digested; and when this juice is not excreted in sufficient quantities, indigestion, with all its distressing symptoms, follows. The Sea Weed Tonic performs the duty of the gastric juice when the latter is deficient. Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic sold by all druggists.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Rand's New York City Business Directory for 1877.

The second volume of this valuable and indispensable work has just been issued by the publishers, Messrs. Walker Hough & Co., of 3 Park Place, New York. No pains or expense has been spared in the production of the present volume to make it complete and reliable. In typographical appearance and binding, it certainly is a fine specimen of book-making. It contains over one hundred pages more matter than the last year's volume, which has added largely to the cost of the production of the work, and compelled the publishers to issue hereafter only the full cloth bound edition at one dollar per copy, upon the receipt of which sum they will forward the work to any address in the United States or Canada, by mail, postage prepaid.

POTTER'S AMERICAN MONTHLY.—The July number of this deservedly popular family magazine is out, looking fresh and wide-awake as usual to the interest of the reading public. It will be welcomed by all who admire the good, be true, and the beautiful, as shown in literature, art, science, travels, adventure, romance, history or biography. Lovers of the quaint and the curious will find much to amuse and instruct in this issue. We don't much wonder that this American periodical increases in public favor, for each month it seems to outdo its predecessor—ever sparkling with wit and humor, and increasing the value and variety of its subjects. We notice also several additions to its able corps of contributors, who represent the best minds and ripest culture in the country.

This magazine should be in every American home. It is entitled to its steadily increasing patronage, as it is a representative publication, devoted chiefly to American topics, American interests, and employs principally American talent. In illustrated typographical work, style and form, it is all that could be asked, and yet the subscription price is only three dollars a year.

The leader for July, "Scenic and Civic New England," by Dramel S. Senter, represents Newport in 1877, and in a most graphic style shows the picturesque and beautiful, while giving important historical datas, and reminiscences of national import. After Dr. Blackwood's valuable paper on "English Decorated Architecture," we notice several interesting and instructive articles, viz: "The Mysterious Monogram," by Warren Walters; "Historic Characters and Souvenirs of the Revolution;" "A Gifted and Beautiful Princess," by Mrs. E. G. Halsey; "Word History," by H. M. DuBois, and "Some Singular Coincidences after one Hundred Years," by Rev. James Hungerford.

The editorial departments exhibit mental and moral vigor in the discussion of various themes, such as "The Oriental War;" "Our Patriot Dead;" "Reform;" "Science and Vital Power;" "Evolution;" "Working Hours of Authors," etc. No one should fail to get this magazine.

JOHN E. POTTER & CO., publishers, Philadelphia.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS

Sellers' Liver Pills have stood for Thirty years a Standard Remedy for the cure of Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Sick Headache, and all Derangements of the Liver.

"Sellers' Vermifuge, the great Worm Destroyer," expelled 400 large, live worms from my child 2 years old. Wm. Barrer, St. Louis, Mo. Price each 25c. If your druggist don't keep them, send for them. H. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'r, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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New Advertisements.

WHAT 5 CTS. WILL BUY

Stop talking about it and commence at once to **Economize** even in small things. This list of goods will show how you can save at least half the price usually paid for articles of daily use by calling at

WELCH'S CHEAP STATIONERY STORE.

No. 1 Humes' Block.

1 Handsome White Neck-tie	5c
100 good pins	5c
25 Envelopes	5c
24 Sheets Note Paper	5c
2 Cakes Toilet Soap	5c
12 Shoe Laces	5c
58 Hair Pins	5c
100 Mourning Pins	5c
1 Box Button hole-Lined, Linen-Finish Paper Collars—10 collars	5c
1 Redding Comb	5c
1 Child's Round Comb	5c
1 handsome set Shirt Studs	5c
2 Rolls Tape	5c
144 Shirt Buttons	5c
72 Hooks and Eyes	5c
1 Bolt of 8 yards Wall Paper	5c
6 Corset Laces	5c
1 Good Leather Pocket-Book	5c
1 Ever Ready Pen for writing without ink	5c
1 quart Peanuts, Fresh Roasted, sound and sweet	5c

It is not to be supposed that we deal only in 5-cent goods. On the contrary our assortment of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

is not excelled by any country book store in the State. Included in our stock is a finee selection of Miscellaneous and

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,

Gold Pens and Pencils, from $1 to $ 2. Russia Leather Pocket-books from 5 cts to $5 each. Ladies' Work Boxes and Baskets, Writing Desks, Russia Leather Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Brackets, Wall Pockets, Towel Racks, Mats, Picture and Photograph Frames, Vases, and, in short, everything usually to be found in a well appointed Stationery Store.

Combined Papers—Forty-Seventh Year!

The Country Gentleman.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is published WEEKLY on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance: ONE COPY, one year, $ .50; FOUR COPIES $10, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club: TEN COPIES, $20, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN possesses an unequaled Corps of Correspondents, regular and occasional, among the BEST FARMERS of all Parts of the Country, and constantly reflects the practical condition and progress of the husbandry of every section of the United States and civilized world.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN gives in its HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT a continuous variety of information and suggestions, equal or superior in the aggregate to what is obtained in the monthly numbers of most magazines devoted to Horticulture.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN has probably done as much as all other Journals combined, to introduce and disseminate IMPROVED STOCK of every kind through the country; and commands to a greater degree than any contemporary, the confidence and support of breeders and purchasers.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN contains unusually full and truly worthy MARKET REPORTS, and devotes special attention to them and to the Prospect of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—when to buy and when to sell.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN embraces numerous minor departments of a practical character, such as the Dairy, the Poultry Yard, the Apiary, the Vineyard, and so on, and weekly presents a column or two for the Housewife and an interesting variety of Fireside Reading. It contains a well edited Review of Current Events, and its advertising pages furnish a directory of all the principal agricultural and horticultural establishments of the country.

SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address LUTHER TUCKER & SON, Publishers, 9 26-3t ALBANY, N. Y.

THE CROSS AND THE CRESCENT

A volume of thrilling interest by the eminent historian L. P. BROCKETT; describing the Russians and Turks; Social, Political, and Religious History and Condition; their Home-life, Varied Customs, and Peculiarities, the cause of the war, the issues at stake—Christian against Mohammedan—the mighty interests of other nations involved; Biographies of the rulers, Statesmen and Generals; all RICHLY ILLUSTRATED. The book *millions need now.* Wanted instantly. 3000 agents on very liberal terms. Address, HUBBARD BROS. Publishers, 27 3t 733 Sansom st., Philadelphia.

Agents wanted **$50 to $200 PER MONTH**

A New, Clear and Concise

UNIVERSAL HISTORY,

Commencing with the earliest periods, closing March, 1877. 3 volumes of the World's great, Grand History in one. ANCIENT, MIDDLE AGES, and MODERN, including history of Centennial Exhibition, inauguration of President Hayes, and Turkish Difficulties. A book of thrilling interest and universal need. Sells faster than any other. Beautiful illustrations, low prices, quick sales, extra terms, circulars free. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.; Cincinnati, O.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo. 27 13t

LADIES Elegant Imitation Rose Coral Set, Breastpin and Pendant Drops, Sent Postpaid to any reader of this Paper for 25 cents. Three Sets for 50 cents. In Currency or Stamps. L. A. THOMSON, Clinton Place, New York. 27 4t

ASTRAY—A three parts Alderney Heifer, past yearling, of darkish yellow color, with white mixed legs and tail, and white mark in forehead. Information leading to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

W. A. BIGGART.

Milesburg, Pa., June 24, 1877. 26-3t.

THE BOOKS OF THE MILESBURG BUILDING and Loan Association are now opened to receive subscriptions in the second series, to begin as soon as one hundred shares of stock or over shall have been subscribed.

26-4t FRANK E. TAYLOR, Sec.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Estate of Jacob Eyer, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jacob Eyer, late of Ferguson township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MARTIN EYER,
SAMUEL EYER,
Executors.

Rock Spring, June 6, 1877. 24 6t*

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Centre County.

JENNIE E. BAUMGARDNER, by her next friend, Mrs. Elizabeth Roller, vs. J. M. C. BAUMGARDNER. } No. 21 Jan. T. 1877. Divorce, A. V. M.

The undersigned, a commissioner appointed by the Court to take testimony in the above case, in accordance with said appointment he will meet the parties at his office in Bellefonte, on Thursday, July 26, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock a. m., where all parties interested may attend.

26 3t* W. A. MORRISON, Commissioner.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Centre County.

CALVIN WALTZ vs. MARY M. WALTZ. } No. 20 Jan. Term 1877. Divorce, A. V. M.

The undersigned, a commissioner appointed by the Court to take testimony in the above case, in accordance with said appointment will meet the parties at his office in Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 24th day of July A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock a. m., where all parties interested may attend.

W. A. MORRISON, Commissioner.

26 3t*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE
ESTATE OF SAMUEL HARPSTER, Sr.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Harpster, late of Ferguson township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. W. CAMPBELL, Exec'r.

Pine Grove Mills, June 26, 1877. 26 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Christian Karp, late of Boggs township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ALBERT SMELTZER, Adm'r,
Bellefonte P. O.

26 6t*

Financial.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, June 22, 1877.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$307,796 92
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	28,125 00
Due from approved reserve agts	3,517 15
" " other National Banks	1,685 33
" " State Banks and Bankers	3,995 58
Real Estate Furniture and Fixtures	26,279 25
Current Expenses & Taxes paid	4,417 41
Premiums paid	36 28
Checks and other Cash Items	3,466 14
Bills of other Banks	2,972 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g nickels)	671 07
Specie	1,050 00
Legal Tender Notes	35,510 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500 00
Total	$523,124 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits	7,568 89
National Bank Notes outstanding	90,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	83,333 37
Time Certificates of Deposit	177,674 85
Due to other National Banks	18,023 66
" State Banks and Bankers	1,118 46
Total	$523,124 53

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, County of Centre ss:

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of July, A. D. 1877.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public.

Correct, Attest:
E. C. HUMES,
JAMES A. BEAVER, } DIRECTORS.
ADAM HOY,

27-3t

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditures of Benner School District, Centre county, Pa., for the year ending June 4, 1877:

RECEIPTS.

State appropriation 1876	$2a7 64	
Bal on hand from last year as per report	7 71	
From collectors of school tax	616 37	
From County Treas, unseated lands	1106 45	
Total receipts		$2017 80

EXPENDITURES.

Purchasing grounds	$28 96	
Renting and repairing	3 40	
Teachers' wages	1295 00	
Fuel and contingencies	59 33	
Fees Collector and Treas	60 63	
Salary of Secretary	20 00	
Debt and interest paid	164 36	
Other expenses	15 00	
Total expenditures		$1593 74
Bal cash on hand		$424 06
Amt due district from all sources		558 10
		$982 16
Amt due on unsettled bills		22 61
Resources in excess of liabilities		$959 52

We, the Auditors of Snow Shoe township, have carefully examined the above report of Snow Shoe School Board and find it correct.

P. S. YEAGER, [SEAL]
JOHN A. WOLFE, [SEAL]
Auditors.

JOHN G. UZZELL, Pres't.
Attest: J. H. CHESMAN, Sec'y. 26t3

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditures of Benner School District, Centre county, Pa., for the year ending June 4, 1877:

RECEIPTS.

Gross Amt. of tax duplicate	$1658 27	
Bal. on hand last year	921 84	
State appropriation	300 84	$2880 95

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers' salaries	$1162 00	
Treasurer and Collector's fees	119 05	
Secretary's salary	25 00	
Fuel and contingencies	306 11	
Exonerations and debts paid	622 22	$2234 28
Bal. on hand		$646 67

URIAH STOVER, President.
J. P. SEIBERT, Sec'y. 26 t3

DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS are the surest and safest remedy for ladies in delicate health. 9-1-6m

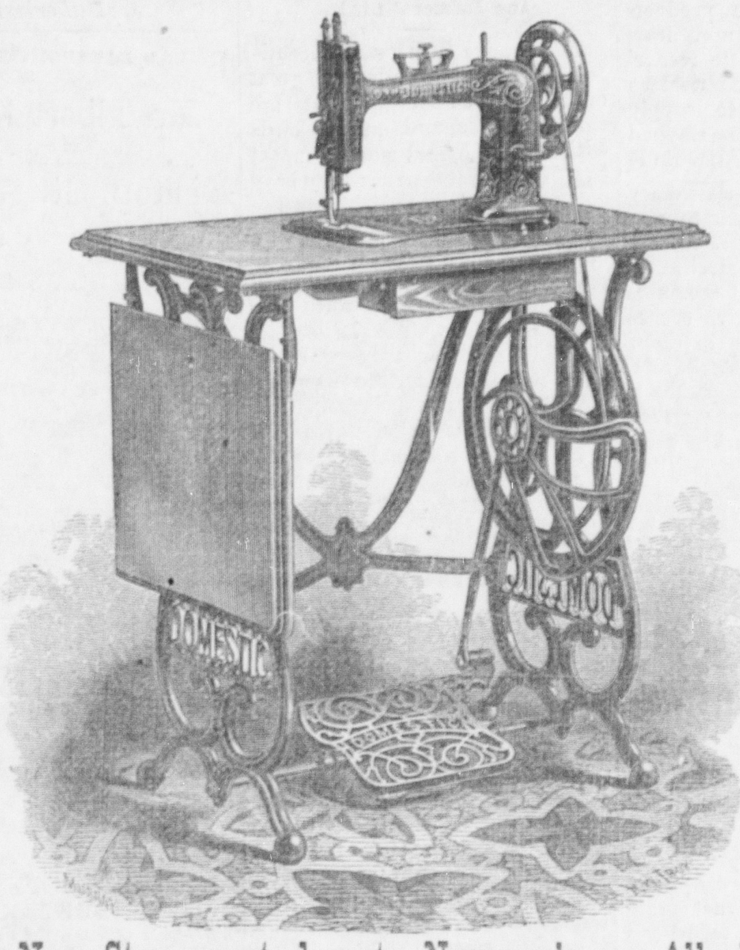
NEW OPENING.

SECOND WEEK IN JULY.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS.

SEWING MACHINES, PIANOS & ORGANS.

SEE BUNNELL & AIKENS' NEW OFFER.



Call at the New Store, next door to Newman's, on Alleghany Street.

REMEMBER the Sewing Machine Store where you can have a choice from the largest stock and variety of Machines this side of New York City.

THE NEW DOMESTIC—Still ahead.	THE HOWE—$30.
" ST. JOHN—Latest out.	" WEED—$30.
" DAVIS—With vertical feed.	" REMINGTON—$30.
" NEW AMERICAN—For $30.	" WHITNEY—At $30.
" SINGER—$30	" WHITE—At $30.

Old Machines repaired or taken in part payment for new ones. Work guaranteed. Second-hand machines of all makes, in good order, at from $5 to $20 each. Parts, Attachments, Needles, Needle Cases, Four-wheeled Castors, and Oil, for all machines. Mair's Plating Machine $2.50. Barbour's Best Linen Thread. Williamantic Spool Cotton, and John English's Best Hand Sewing Needles on hand.

By sending 50 cts. to the above parties, one doz. Assorted Needles for any Machine will be sent by return mail.

A LARGE DISCOUNT TO CASH BUYERS.

ADDRESS **BUNNELL & AIKENS,**
BELLEFONTE, PA

9 16

BELLEFONTE SCHOOL DISTRICT.—Classified statement, from account as stated by Finance Committee and approved by Auditors:

Whole number of schools	10
Months taught	7
Male teachers	3
Female teachers	7
Total No. scholars in attendance	450
Average percentage of attendance	83½
Salary Supt. & tea'r, Sch. No. 1, per mon.	$100
Salary asst. & tea'r Sch. No. 2,	50
Salary teachers of schools No. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, per month	40
No of mills levied for school purposes, 5—Amt	$5467 60
No mills levied for building purposes' 5—Amt	5152 64
Estimated value of real estate	$33,000 00

RECEIPTS.

State appropriation	$321 00
Paid to Treasurer on duplicate	3871 95
Paid to Treasurer by collectors	4471 80
Paid to Treasurer other sources	72 46
Total	$9037 21

EXPENDITURES.

Repairs, &c	$478 00
Teachers	5407 50
Fuel	191 61
Interest	2707 91
Advertising reports	27 00
Salary Treasurer	150 00
" Secretary	150 00
" Janitor	100 00
" Auditors	15 00
Outstanding orders	774 83
Bal. due Treas. June 1876	1729 60
Amt. to balance	346 36
Total	$9037 21

June 5, '77, amt. due from Treas $346 36
Amt. due from D. McGinley, Collector 1874 800 00
Due from W. Jones, col. '75-76 4000 00
$5146 36
Bonds $32925 00

By resolution of Board.
26 3t JAS. H. RANKIN, Sec'y.

TRIFLING

WITH A COLD IS ALWAYS DANGEROUS

USE

WELLS' Carbolic Tablets,

a sure remedy for Coughs, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Chest and Mucus Membrane.

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

C. N. CRITTENTON, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York. 25-4w

New Advertisements.

25 FANCY CARDS, all styles, with name, 10 cts., post paid. J. B. HUSTED Nassau, Rens. Co., N. Y. 25-4t

Best bargains in America. **Farms.** Maps and Catalogue free. 25-4w J. F. MANCHA, Dover, Del.

LIFE AND HEALTH WITHOUT DRUGS.

BLUE AND RED LIGHT

Dr. Pancoast's great work is **Now Ready for AGENTS.** The only book practically treating this now universally absorbing topic. Shows how to apply the treatment, and tells of many successful cures made by the use of this wonderful medium. Circulars and best terms to early applicants. J. M. STODDART & CO., 25-4w. 725 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Read This!

A chance for all to make or save money, and get the best goods in the market.

TEAS, COFFEES, ETC.

sold at lower prices than the same qualities can be bought at any other house in this country. All goods guaranteed to be satisfactory and as represented, or the money will be refunded on return of the goods, which may be done at our expense.

The reputation of our house for **selling standard goods at low prices,** (for 36 years), has given us a standing in New York City and vicinity that is not enjoyed by any other house in the trade. After mature deliberation we have determined to offer our goods to housekeepers in the interior at the **Lowest wholesale trade prices,** when a **Club** is formed large enough to make a small case. The goods of each member of the club will be put in separate packages, and marked with name and cost, so as to avoid confusion in distribution. Goods will be sent by express to **collect on delivery.** All wishing to save money by purchasing family supplies at New York Wholesale Prices can talk the matter over among friends and neighbors, and send to us for Club Circular, Price-list, etc. We give a present of either goods or money to the person who gets up the club, to compensate for trouble &c. Samples of TEA & COFFEE sent by mail.

Send for Price-list and Club Circular 25-4t

Stiner's New York & China Tea Co.

M. H. MOSES & CO, PRO'RS,

77, 79, 81, 84 and 86 Vesey Street, New York.

Publications.

Forest & Stream

AND

ROD AND GUN.

THE AMERICAN SPORTSMANS JOURNAL

A WEEKLY PAPER DEVOTED TO

Field Sports, Practical Natural History, Fish Culture, Protection of Game, Preservation of Forests, Yachting and Boating, Rifle Practice, and all

OUT-DOOR RECREATIONS AND STUDY.

This is the only journal in the country that fully supplies the wants and necessities of the

GENTLEMAN SPORTSMAN.

Terms $4.00 *a year. Send for a specimen copy.*

FOREST & STREAM PUBLISHING CO.,
111 FULTON STREET (old No. 103)
Post-office box 2832. 26 t3 NEW YORK.

Something New for Musical People.

Just published for the benefit of subscribers to *Church's Musical Visitor* (the independent journal of music), the

"VISITOR AUTO-MUSIC ALBUM."

Every musical person wants it. No one should go to a "Normal" or other Music Class without it! It is just what young musicians need to preserve their efforts in composition, and the autographs of their friends and teachers. It contains 64 pages, finely ruled, gold stamped and strongly bound. It will be given away to all who subscribe for the *Visitor* at $1.50. Sample copy with particulars of this, and *four other premiums*, sent on receipt of one stamp. Agents wanted.

JOHN CHURCH & CO.,
25 3t CINCINNATI, O.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum In Advance

Farm, Garden & Household.

The High Price of Cows.

The reason for the high prices is plain enough when one goes abroad and attempts to pick up a lot of desirable milch cows; for he will then discover that they are by no means abundant, and that those who have good cows will not part with them except at good, sound prices. And we are not likely to see any change from this condition of affairs for some time to come, because the demand for milch stock is increasing annually in a ratio greater than the supply. That is to say, as our population increases, the increase of milch stock is not sufficient to keep up the ratio between the two. This, naturally, must have a tendency to keep up the prices; but the addition of another element will still farther point its influence in this direction.

The recent importation of American meats and live stock demonstrated that we are to have a new outlet for these products which must, in the future, draw materially upon the cattle resources of the country, and western cows will be needed to supply home wants rather than be shipped east at low prices. As the difficulty of obtaining first-class dairy stock is greater from year to year with the prospect of a still further scarcity in the markets, stock raising among dairymen, it seems to us, becomes an imperative necessity. Many dairymen in New York have abandoned stock raising, under the impression that it does not pay. This may have been true a few years ago, when cows were no higher than they are today, while dairy products brought a third more money.

It is quite different now, and we think dairymen must find a fair profit in raising stock, especially if some attention be paid to breeding an axtra class of milkers. At the present price of dairy products, there can be no money in milk from poor cows, but with large milkers there is still a fair margin of profit to be obtained. The necessity, then, for breeding stock that can be made to yield a large product is imperative, and, from this stand-point, irrespective of other considerations, the dairy man must find it to his advantage to raise stock rather than to depend on purchasing.

Keeping Good Cows.

It is surprising when we look around the country to see the large number of poor cows that are kept for years in the dairies, and by men from which better things should be expected. It costs as much, if not more, to keep a poor cow than a good one. In no other branch of farm labor is it so essential to have good material to work with as in the dairy. A little study of the characteristics of a good cow will generally enable a person to tell a good cow when he sees her. But it is unfortunate to have a poor cow; the shortest and best way to get rid of her is to fit her up for the butcher as quick as possible, and fill her place with one whose good qualifications at the pail can be depended on. Experiment and comparison are the true modes by which a quick observer can tell a good cow. Any one who owns a cow should lose no time in finding out her qualifications, and if she will not make, at the lowest calculation, 200 pounds of butter per year, she should be speedily disposed of. In a large herd it will be more difficult to accomplish this than where only a few are kept. But still it can be closely approximated if care is taken. A cow that gives milk as blue as a whetstone is poor property for any one but a city milkman. Many farmers keep too many cows that produce that kind of milk. A cow can be kept until she is four years old without loss, as her growth will pay the cost of her keeping, and by that time the amount of her production should be ascertained beyond a doubt. I think that with care in breeding, cows can be raised that will yield, on an average, three hundred pounds of butter per year, if well kept.

Sending Bees by Mail.

In relation to sending bees by mail the *American Bee Journal* says:

Until recently bees have been sent by mail, and it has been both a cheap and safe means of conveyance. The P. M. General having decided that bees are unmailable, and some post-masters having refused to forward them, we wrote to the P. M. General, asking him to review the matter, and reverse his decision; at the same time we stated that the manner in which they were put up prevented their doing injury to the mails. But it appears to be of no use. His decision is like "the law of the Medes and Persians—which changeth not," as will be seen from the the following letter:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., May 19, '77.

Thos. G. Newman, Esq., Chicago, Illinois.,

Sir:—The Postmaster General has refered your letter of the 17th instant to this office with instructions to say, in reply, that the ruling excluding bees from the mails was made under the administration of one of his predecessors, and seems to be in accordance with the spirit of the postal law and with the provisions of the postal regulations, from the fact if so sent they would be liable to deface other mail matter transmitted therewith, notwithstanding their incasement according to the manner proposed by you. He declines, therefore, to revoke the said ruling.

JAMES H. MARR.
Acting First Asst. P. M. Gen'l.

The Farmers' Birds.

The Bronze turkeys are beautiful, large, strong birds, but great ramblers. The Narragansetts are more tractable and quieter birds with less limb, and more compact bodies. With the writer they have proved the more profitable bird of the two. They are also heavier birds, and a little more tender to rear. When brought up tame and home-like, they are not much given to rambling. The larger the flock, the farther they will run. The noble Bronze, the beautiful Narragansett, and the meek, mild Buff constitute the aristocracy of the farmer's yard, and are by far the most profitable ornament he can place therein. The Buffs are a smaller breed, not handsome, but very domestic in all their habits. The duck is also the farmer's bird, easily reared and fattened. If well fed, they come to maturity just at the season when the price of these birds generally rule high. The duck is the epicure's bird also; we might say the gormandizer's, but the phrase is hardly polite when they make a market for our fine, tender chicks and ducklings. A person with forethought and brains to rear the choice titbits in the shape of poultry, and a person with capacious stomach to consume the same, are the extremes of life that keep the farmer moving.

Rye for Pasture.

A correspondent of the Elmira, (N. Y.) *Farmers' Club* writes as follows: "Farmers who are in want of first-class pasture at least expense, for this season, should prepare a lot for the purpose and sow the same to winter rye; and they will soon have a pasture for sheep, calves, poultry, in fact any kind of stock; and for young lambs it cannot be excelled. Heavy stock will trample it to the ground, to some extent, if put on early in the season, but later they can be kept on it at a profit. Winter rye sown in the spring will not head out till the second year, but will stool out so as to cover the ground, producing a luxuriant mass of feed that will pay every experimental trial. It can be cut for soiling purposes the second year for grown up stock, or it can be raised for pasture, as stated before, or it can be allowed to attain its growth and manure a crop to harvest. It will also stand drouth very well, and enrich the land. From one and a half to two bushels per acre should be sown according to the wealth of the land."

The usual cause of swellings on the knees and thighs of cows is lying upon an uneven hard substance. Jersey cows are more subject to it than others, probably from the fact that the skin is finer and more delicate than others. Remove the cause and in most cases the tumors will disappear, bathing and friction will perhaps hasten the absorption. —*Mass. Plowman.*

If you want Bill-Heads,
If you want Envelopes,
If you wan. Statements,
If you want Note Heads,
If you want Show Cards,
If you wand B. ll Tickets,
If you want large Posters,
If you want small Posters,
If you want Labels,
If you want Invitation Cards,
If you want Business Cards,
If you want Phamphlets printed,
If you want Business Circulars,
If you want job printing of any description in as good style as at any other Job Printing Establishment in the county, and at very moderate prices, leave your orders at the REPUBLICAN office, where they will be attended to. Job printing of every description done neatly, cheaply and quickly.

MORDICA HOLABAUGH offers his services as a laborer. Is willing to work. Will do any kind of labor. 15-tf

Car Works.

CHANGED HANDS.

McCLELLAN & SPEER,

Successors to Bellefonte Car Manufact'ng Co)

having leased the work of the company are prepared to furnish

Sash,
Doors,
Sidings;
Flooring.
Mouldings,
Scroll Work,
Stains,
Building Material,

Cottage Bedsteads, and all kinds of frame work. The

MACHINE SHOPS

are the most complete of any in the State, and they will make a speciality of furnishing repairs for Threshing Mackines, Reapers, Engines, &c., and having in operation the most approved Forging Hammers, Bolt Headers, Cutters and Net Taps, they can supply

Heavy Forgings,

Bolts, Nets, &c., at reduced prices. The

FOUNDRY DEPARTMENT

will be kept fully stocked with wagon spindles, and stove grates. New castings of all kinds.
McCLELLAN & SPEER,
8-13-1y Bellefonte, Pa.

Bakeries.

BREAD EATERS, ATTEN

Mr. Albert Kauth,

AT THE

Bishop St. Bakery,

is now making the VERY BEST

Bread, Cakes and Pies,

in Bellefonte. Mr. Kauth makes the very best BRETZELS in the county, and is able to supply all demands for that article.

Candies & Confections

of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates, Nuts, Jellies and everything good.

ICE CREAM!

An excellent ice cream saloon also attached to the bakery. Call and see me.
8-32-1y ALBERT KAUTH.

Furniture Rooms.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also coffins manufactured to order.
v6-n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES, FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS, ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE

Corner Front and Pine Street,

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO. PA.

ROBERT LOYD, Prop't.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

MERCHANTS HOTEL,

CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,

FOURTH ST.

A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

$55 to $77 a Week to agents. $10 Outfit FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. vol 8 39-1y.

Hicks & Bro.—Hardware.

CORN CULTIVATORS

With Reversible Standard Teeth.

SHOVEL PLOWS

Single and Double, both Wood and Iron.

Cultivator Teeth

SHOVEL PLOW BLADES.

IMPERIAL CAST-STEEL

PLOWS

Every one warranted.

IMPERIAL CAST-STEEL PLOW SHARES.

Corn Planters. Corn Hoes.

TOLEDO CUCUMBER PUMPS

Iron and Porcelain Lined, to suit all depth wells. *Guaranteed*, and at a *reduced price.*

Nails, Locks and Glass,

At the *Lowest Prices.*

TRACE CHAINS & HAMES.

Steel Shovels at a very low price.

CLOTHES WRINGERS,

Lower than they were ever sold at.

GraniteWare

of all descriptions; Wash Basins, Stew Kettles, etc. This is the finest ware in use, more durable than tin and free from rust. Very little higher. All kinds House Furnishing goods.

For Mechanics

we have the best of Chisels, Saws, Drawing Knives, etc. Also, Baily Adjustable Iron Planes.

Latest Improved Lamps

Decidedly the best in the market. No chimneys to break or clean, and give a better light than any in use.

Gum Water Hose

for watering yards and gardens.

Mrs. Potts Improved Flat-irons.

Every family should have them, as they are much nicer than common ones and not much higher.

PURE WHITE LEADS

and COTTAGE PAINTS of every color, ready for use. Cheap Red Fire-proof Paint for Barns, made of Oxide of Iron. Guaranteed to be durable.

COACHMAKERS & SADDLERS

Full line of all kinds of Saddlery. Also, Wood Work, Felloes, Plain and Patent Wheels, Etc.

SUSQUEHANNA

Cook Stoves,

The Heaviest in Weight and best Baker in the market. All kinds of Portable Ranges, with eight different makes of

COOK STOVES.

These will be sold on a Written Guarantee, and at the lowest prices.

THOS. A. HICKS & BRO.

Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
20 tf

Bush House.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!

—THE—

BUSH HOUSE!

BELLEFONTE, PA.

has been recently thoroughly Renovated and Repaired, and under the management of the New Proprietor, MR. F. D. McCOLLUM, formerly of Pittsburgh, is First-Class in All its Appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

F. D. McCOLLUM, Proprietor.

Drugs and Medicines.

Drugs, Drugs, Drugs.

S. T. Shugert, having purchased the Drug Store, on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, next door to the Hardware Store of Hicks & Bro., has stocked and filled it out with all the most popular

Drugs & Medicines,
Chemicals,
Perfumery,
Soaps, Combs,
Brushes,
Trusses,
Supporters,
Braces,

Fancy and Toilet Articles, Etc.

Patent Medicines, Alcohol, pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes only.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

carefully compounded and orders answered with care and dispatch. Farmers and Physicians from the country will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

This store will remain under the direction of the accomplished druggist and pharmacist heretofore connected with it, Mr. H. M. Herrington, and we respectfully solicit the custom of our friends and the old patrons of the store.
16-1y S. T. SHUGERT.

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa
5-23-1y

Miscellaneous.

INSURANCE.

Insurance effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9-9-1y GEORGE L. POTTER,
(Furst's Building.) High St., Bellefonte.

WILLIAM E. SHOPE,

CABINET-MAKER AND HOUSE BUILDER

Those desiring a first-class workman are requested to give him a call. 8-16-1y

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country, who is willing to work steadily at the employment which we furnish. $66 dollars per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-8-1y

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Goods sent by express C. O. D., with privilege to examine. Price list free. Address, GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa. tf

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Medical.

Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption**, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs**, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attacks of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis**, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

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Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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Balsamic Cough Syrup.

NO NEED

CHILD DIE

OF CROUP,

If this Syrup is used in time.

It will cure

BRONCHITIS,
ASTHMA,
SPITTING OF BLOOD,
DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING,
PAINS AND WEAKNESS of the BREAST,
WHOOPING COUGH,
COLDS, COUGHS, Etc.

SHRINER'S SYRUP is the prescription of Dr. John Swope, one of the most eminent Physicians of Maryland, and used in his practice, for both adults and children, for forty years.

It will give satisfaction. Test its merits by trying it.

Price 25 and 50 cents per Bottle.

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SPECIAL NOTI E.

In announcing our Annual Spring Exhibition of new goods, particular attention is invited to an additional department opened this season, embracing

SURPLUS STOCK

from all the leading departments in our establishment: Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Sterling Silver, Electro-Plated Ware, French Clocks, Bronzes, and Fancy Goods, amounting to

$70,000 VALUATION,

Which we are now offering below cost of manufacture.

A personal visit and inspection of these goods is respectfully solicited, believing it will amply repay all purchasers to avail themselves of this liberal offer.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Articles carefully packed for shipment.

ROBBINS, BIDDLE & CO.

No. 1124 Chestnut Street,

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Correspondence.

Our New York Letter.

Mostly Personal—Judge Henry Hilton—Joseph Seligman—P. T. Barnum—H. T. Helmbold—Ben Butler—Henry Ward Beecher—Tabernacle Talmage.

NEW YORK, July 3, 1877.

Summer dullness hereabouts is being considerably enlivened by what may be safely called a very pretty quarrel. And what is quite promising, the fight has already attained the age of nearly a week without showing any signs of old age, but, on the contrary, appears to be growing toward a still more vigorous maturity. It is a first-class sensation, for it possesses all the necessary elements of personality, high-toned participants and unlimited bitterness on either side. The fact is that the twelve tribes of Isreal have been, figuratively speaking, stirred up with a long pole, and are being heard from on all sides. The pole in question was wielded by no less a personage than Judge Henry Hilton, A. T. Stewart's manager and largest heir, who, as a part of his management of the Grand Union Hotel at Saratoga, deems it best to exclude the Jews from that caravansary. In pursuance of his recent order to this effect, the hotel managers the other day met the application of Mr. Joseph Seligman for rooms in their establishment with the reply that he could not be accommodated. Now, Mr. Joseph Seligman is not only a respected banker with "barrels" of money, but is vice-president of one of the finest clubs in the city, and is a member of the Syndicate, having charge of the placing of the last great government loan. So it will be seen that Mr. Seligman was just about the worst specimen (for Judge Hilton) that could have been selected for the introduction of the proscriptive policy.

The result is that the learned judge finds he has stepped on a good deal bigger hornet's nest than he had reckoned on. Not only have the Hebrews flown to arms with their usual unanimity where the interests of their race are attacked, but a majority of the Gentiles join them in condemning what they pronounce an act of persecution worthy only of the middle ages. On the other hand, there is no lack of sympathizers with Judge Hilton's position. Every body is being drawn into the dispute, which may or may not assume serious proportions. The Israelites threaten suit and the total withdrawal of their patronage from A. T. Stewart & Co., of which firm Judge Hilton is a member. The latter defies all these demonstrations, and a wordy fight is still in progress.

Mr. P. T. Barnum, in imitation of Wm. H. Vanderbilt, who, by the way, got home a week ago, has run away from business and dull care generally on the steamer Russia to Europe. Mr. Barnum electrified a reporter who had chased him on to the boat for a farewell "interview" by saying that he believed they had got scent of Charlie Ross at last, and that he had left the $10,000 promised in his published notice, in the hands of his agent in Bridgeport, to be paid over on the identification and restoration to his father of the missing youth. The latter, if living, must have grown up and changed to such an extent that it might be difficult, even for his own parents, to recognize him when recovered.

Our distinguished legal, political and literary friend, Ben Butler, has favored us this week, delivering his lecture on "The Irish Soldier in America," at the Academy of Music a few days since. The lecture was for the benefit of a local Catholic charity, and the General was subsequently presented with a testimonial by the grateful beneficiaries. The General has other business in New York, being engaged as counsel in the gigantic telegraph fight which is going on in our courts.

That wonder of business enterprse and hero of strange adventure, Dr. H. T. Helmbold, has finally got the better of the obstacles and persecutions which have beset him for several years past and has resumed business on his former magnificent scale. Whether this extraordinary man was ever really insane is a mystery which probably no one, himself excepted, can ever solve to the satisfaction of every one. Not only did the doctors (who are in a chronic state of dispute, however,) disagree over his case, but so also did the courts; and the war of interests, of which he was the centre, agitated the cities of New York and Philadelphia for months together. But whatever may have been the facts of that case, there isn't much in his present acts to indicate an unballanced intellect. He has lately formed and become the moving spirit of the Helmbold Manufacturing Co., and in a shrewd and business like manner has addressed himself for the second time to the work of building up a colossal fortune.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, having a year or two ago cultivated the acquaintance of the law to a considerable extent, seems now to be unable to shake off his connection. Both he and the roaring Talmage have recently been made defendants to a suit brought by the Brooklyn Health Board against a number of ministers for failing to make returns of marriages as prescribed by law. The illustrious victim of hay fever and a late conspiracy does not propose, however, to lose much sleep or his summer vacation on this account, the suit being mainly a matter of form. A rumor is prevalent that he has been offered $25,000 by parties in San Francisco if he will spend his vacation in California this year and do a little lecturing. It is not known whether this offer will be accepted or not; but I know at least one fellow in New York who wouldn't wait for a second offer—in fact, would be glad to get the vacation without the $25,000, and his name is

RADIX.

COLLEGE TOWNSHIP, July 2.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—I cannot give you to-day much news that will interest your readers. We had more rain fall to-day in the shortest time and with more damage by the washing of fields than any storm of the season. The crops look well, particularly the corn and potatoes. The late rains have greatly improved the wheat, hay and oats prospects and we have no cause now for further complaint of dry weather. Hay making has been commenced—and now you have all the farm news you will get from me until after harvest.

I have a little to say on a couple of local matters which I think will interest us all at this time. I refer to the L. & S. C. railroad, soon to be brought to completion, and to the now assured success of our State Agricultural College. It would no doubt be some satisfaction to Tom Scott to know that, as soon as the railroad is finished through Pennsvalley to Tyrone by way State College, there would be an addition of one hundred students, and that many more every year until the College is full to the brim. The success of the College depends very greatly upon the completion of the L. & S. C. railroad, and is it not singular that the P. R. R. should hesitate to put the road right through, as per contract? Only three miles of grading yet to State College and only seven to Pennsylvania Furnace, there meeting the connecting link already made for the rails to Tyrone. Then the people of Pennsvalley would have the railroad they subscribed their money for six years ago; and it would have been all paid up long since if the company had kept their promise; and Bellefonte would have built a branch to the end of Nittany mountain to have saved herself. She has plenty of lands and money to build this branch, and the returns certainly promise to be speedy and ample. Students from all parts of the county could leave their homes in the morning, attend college, and return in the evening. This is done along almost all railroads where good schools is an object. Commencement exercises were held at the State College recently and were pronounced a very pleasant affair.

Now, Mr. Editor, will you make room for the two pet notions which I have endeavored to ventilate, and which I know, if put into practice, would be of incalculable benefit in developing the resources and educational interests of this county; and Col. Scott might make his word good now by doing what he promised a year ago—a railroad, sure. Some of the Democrats in Pennsvalley object to the railroad on the ground that anything which tends to civilize and enlighten the people is bad for that party.

FARMER.

A minister in Augusta, Me., has a son, a hopeful child of four years. His father expects he will be a minister, and the lad has talked encouragingly until the first warm day of the season, when he gave signs of having fallen from grace, for the devoted child came to his father and said: "Papa, I'm not agoin' to be a minister." "What do you think of doing?" asked the father. "Goin' to drive an ice cart!"

The Burlington "Hawkeye" tells of two commercial travelers comparing notes: "I have been out three weeks," said the first missionary, "and have got only four orders." "That beats me," replied the second commercial evangelist; "I have been out four weeks and have only got one order, and that's an order from the house to come home."

Stumbling into his room, he sat down on the edge of the bed and soliloquized thus: "Fee' wet, tight boots, a sore on one han', an' a felon on t'other, and no boot-jack in the house. Sings got be different. Either I mus' get married, else get a boot-jack—wishall I do?"

An ingenious St. Louis girl, who has never "a feller" in the world, goads the other girls in the neighborhood to madness by lighting up the parlor brilliantly and then setting her father's hat where its shadow will be boldly marked against the curtain.

A Troy cremationist asks: Wouldn't it be pleasant to receive a dispatch something like this some day: "Dear Mother: William died at noon to-day. Ashes by mail. Yours in sorrow. John."

The farmer should sow his P's, keep his U's warm, hive his B's, kill off the J's, remember what he C's, take care of the V's, pay all he O's (to newspapers), teach his wife not to T's and take his E's.

"One man is silent, another talks all the time, and twelve wise men condemn the man who has not said a word."—[A Chinaman's description of an American court.

Medical.

VEGETINE

Strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

VEGETINE

Is not a vile, nauseous compound which simply purges the bowels, but a safe, pleasant remedy, which is sure to purify the blood, and thereby restore the health.

VEGETINE

Is now prescribed, in cases of Scrofula and other diseases of the blood, by many of the best physicians, owing to its great success in curing all diseases of this nature.

VEGETINE

Does not deceive invalids into false hopes by purging and creating a fictitious appetite, but assists Nature in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

VEGETINE

Was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

VEGETINE,

Instead of being a puffed-up medicine, has worked its way up to its present astonishing success by actual merit in curing all diseases of the blood, of whatever nature.

VEGETINE,

Says a Boston physician, "Has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory, and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective; and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE

Is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

PROOF.

WHAT IS NEEDED.

BOSTON, Feb. 13, 1871.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

Dear Sir.—About one year since, I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. Vegetine was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefitted by its use. I procured the article, and after using several bottles was restored to health, and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those complaints for which it is especially prepared, and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health. Respectfully yours,

U. L. PETTINGILL,

Firm S. M. Pettingill & Co. 10 State St. Boston

I HAVE FOUND

THE RIGHT MEDICINE

BOSTON, Mass.

MR. H. R. STEVENS;

Dear Sir.—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance; and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine; and before I had completed the first bottle I saw that I had got the right medicine. Consequently I followed on with it until I had taken seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man; and my skin is smooth, and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. To benefit those afflicted with Rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER,
Pass. Ag't Mich. C. R. R.
No. 69 Washington Street, Boston.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass

27-1m

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

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KINGSFORD'S

Oswego Starch

Is the BEST and MOST ECONOMICAL in the world.
Is perfectly PURE—free from acids and other foreign substances that injure linen.
Is STRONGER than any other—requiring much less quantity in using.
Is UNIFORM—stiffens and finishes work always the same. 20if

Kingsford's Oswego Corn Starch

Is the most delicious of all preparations for

PUDDINGS, BLANC-MANGE, CAKE, ETC.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will bear expense of starting you. Particulars free; write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time; don't delay. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 9-5-1y

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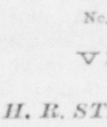
For Young Ladies.



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Bellefonte, April 16, 1877.

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COAL UNDER ROOF,

FROM THE

WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,

prepared expressly for family use.

BEST COAL

IN MARKET.

Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

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LIME!

WOOD or COAL BURNT.

CHALLENGES COMPETITION AS TO

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RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

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FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,

All of which are being sold at the very

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1877— —1877

Spring & Summer Season

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Cash Sales and Small Profits.

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We will sell fine Suits for less money than elsewhere.
We will sell anything in our store cheaper than elsewhere.
Why will you buy common store clothes when our fine goods are only a trifle higher? Remember, a good fit guaranteed or no sale.
Orders solicited now for clothing.

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all people save money by buying fine clothing of

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50 Visiting Cards with your Name finely printed and 2 Parlor Pictures (Fruit and Landscape), printed in 10 colors, each, the lot sent post-paid for 25 cents. Postage stamps taken as Money. KURTZ & BROTHER, S. E. cor. 5th & Chestnut sts. Philadelphia. 9-20-1y

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PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in Tone and Power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

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Unsurpassed by any Instrument.

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

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That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

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And every organ is fully warranted. Large Oil Polish, Black Walnut Paneled Cases that

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This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

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ALL LOCAL SKIN DISEASES;
PERMANENTLY BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT,
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IT REMOVES DANDRUFF, strengthens the roots of the Hair, and preserves its youthful color. As a DISINFECTANT of Clothing and Linen used in the sick room, and as a PROTECTION against CONTAGIOUS DISEASES it is unequaled.

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BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Lodge Directory.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M. meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening, at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, F & A. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

The Centennial Temperance Club, of the U. S., meets every Monday evening in Bush's Arcade.

Pennsvalley Lodge, No. 275, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening at Pine Grove Mills.

Lick Run Lodge, No. 311, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening at Howard.

Centre Hall Lodge, No. 895, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening in the Odd Fellow's Hall.

The Milesburg Centennial Temperance Club, meets every Friday evening.

Millheim Council, No. 309, O. U. A. M., meets every Saturday at 7 o'clock P. M., in their Council Room, Wilt's building.

Bellefonte Chapter, 241, R. A. M., meets on Thursday night preceding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——The Philipsburg *Journal* died on the 1st inst. It expired of its Owen disease.

——The very poor never commit suicide; it is those who have known better days. Hence the unfrequency of self-slaughter in these parts.

——Rev. J. A. Hackenberg, of Muncy, Pa., will preach in the Lutheran church of this place next Sunday morning and evening.

——Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block, are still selling groceries lower for cash than any other house in town. Give them a call, and you will never regret it.

——The Ladies' Missionary Society met at the house of Mrs. Gordon, on Curtin street, last Friday evening. About forty of the members were present, and a very pleasant time was had.

——Monte Ward is now a hired base-ball pitcher. He pitched a trial game for the Athletics last Saturday week, who played the Hartfords at Brooklyn. The latter won the game by a score of 5 to 0. We respectfully refer Judge Harding's opinion on hired base-ball players to Monte's careful consideration.

——The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. have issued a neat book of one hundred and forty-six pages, containing six hundred and sixty-four summer excursion routes. It contains a number of views contiguous to the routes, which are very handsome, except the view of our town, which is about as imperfect and vague as it could have been made. The book can be had by applying to the agent at Altoona.

——The Lewisburg *Journal* says: A new pest to the corn crop has made its appearance this season in the shape of a worm, about an inch long, about the sixteenth part of an inch thick, and of a dark russet color. It cuts the young corn off under the surface of the ground and utterly destroys it. All the corn it touches has to be replanted. A good deal of alarm is felt regarding this worm.

——The Germantown *Telegraph* says: Three-fourths of the tramps who perambulate this State are capable of earning their fodder and should be made to do so. These vagabonds are becoming a serious nuisance, and should be disposed of in a proper way. If a reward was offered for their apprehension wherever found, and the peripatetic vagrants were sent to the county work house for stated periods, this disposition would no doubt in a little while suppress the evil.

——As this is the season in which farmers and market gardeners are particularly annoyed by the cabbage worm, the following recipe for their complete extermination will be found to be valuable: "Thoroughly mix twenty parts of superphosphate of lime, one part of carbolic powder, and three parts of fresh air-slacked lime. Throw a small quantity of the compound by hand into each head of cabbage. Repeat three or four times or oftener if necessary." By this simple remedy Prof. Quinn claims to have saved ninety-five per centage of his cabbage.

——On Friday evening last a little girl about five years old, daughter of Mrs. Hezekiah Portz, residing near Mr. Adam Garrett, in West Manheim township, while engaged playing in a field with a number of other children, was savagely attacked by a vicious sow, which some boys, by teasing, had aroused to a state of fury. The savage brute seized her in the face and left groin, and before the child could be released from her fearful peril, was most fearfully cut and gashed, scarcely a spot as large as a silver dollar on her face and body escaping uninjured by the cruel jaws of the monster. Although frightfully injured, she is in a fair way to recovery under the skillful attention of Dr. Snively.—*Hanover Spectator.*

PENNSVALLEY TO THE FRONT.—The track of the Lewisburg, Centre and Tyrone Railroad having been laid to Spring Mills, our national holiday was fixed upon for a grand opening. Colonel Moor, the contractor, seated his construction train with ties and about five hundred Penns and Brushvalleyans availed themselves of the opportunity of riding to Laurelton, where the excursion train of thirteen passenger cars was met, containing about nine hundred of the Union county yeomanry. Congratulations were exchanged, when Col. Moor took the back track as an escort to our Union county cousins. Both trains arrived at Spring Mills about eleven o'clock a. m., where the passengers disembarked in a pleasant grove belonging to General George Buchannon. Everybody from the neighborhood, as well as the guests, had brought a bounteous supply of eatables, and the invitations to those from a distance to join in the festivities were as numerous as the eatables were in excess of the demand. A more hospitable people never assembled in Centre county.

After the inner man was supplied a general social chat took place, during which the several bands played and quite a number of young America enjoyed the gayeties of the dance. To add some novelty to the occasion a wedding took place on the grounds about one o'clock, George Fowler, widower, to Miss Kattie Foreman, the wedded couple being about sixty years of age. Fred Kurtz, of the *Reporter*, acted as groomsman, and the Centre Hall Band did the serenading. It is said that the hymenial folks live near Coburn station, and the proposition for a wedding was made by the railroad employes, which was readily assented to, both being willing and neither having the courage to make a proposal. "Sich" modesty is rare. After congratulating the bride and groom, an impromptu meeting was called by Director Coburn, who welcomed the guests who came to join in Pennsvalley's rejoicings over her connection with "all the world and the rest of mankind."

President Slifer responded in a few remarks, congratulating the people of Pennsvalley on the completion of their road to Spring Mills as being the grandest event in their history. The facilities are now offered for a more social as well as business relationship with the people of Union county, and he hoped they would avail themselves of the opportunity. He gave a general invitation to attend a grand harvest home in Union county some time during August.

Senator Dill was called on, who mounted the stand and made one of his impromptu speeches characteristic of the man. After congratulating his hearers on the success of the road—with a wink of his eye, a twitch of his moustache and a sarcastic look—very modestly said: "Owing to the good old Democratic majorities that Pennsvalley township rolled up, I am ready to take her in, too, as a part and parcel of Union Co." [Cheers, of course.] There were over two thousand people on the ground, and the many pleasant incidents of the meeting, and congratulations of old friends, will long be remembered.

——Writes a correspondent: I am frequently compelled at this season of the year to have men working in the water, even in frosty weather. I find the following allowance gives great satisfaction to the men, and we never have a case of cold or injury to them in any way: Kettle of coffee made with half sweet milk, half water, three or four eggs whipped, poured into it when off boil; hot toasted bread with plenty of butter of finest quality. Serve this up every two and half hours. The expense is much less than the usual allowance of whisky, and the men work far better, and if care is taken to have the coffee, milk (cream is still better), bread and butter, and especially the butter of the best quality, the men are delighted with it.

——The Bloomsburg *Republican* says: The wheat crop in this section will be very light. From all parts of the county there is a complaint that the crop will be almost an entire failure owing to the ravages of the fly. This is not confined to our own county, but is just as true of our neighbors. Buffalo Valley, one of the grain spots of Pennsylvania, is in the same situation. The grass crop is unusually good. From present indications potatoes will be a drug in the market.

——The old custom of merchants fixing a market price for butter and then allowing no more for good than for a poorer article, is exploded with Valentines & Co., who think good is worth more than poor, and will allow for good butter what it is worth and leave the inferior for those to buy who make no difference. Those who have a good article to dispose of will find it to their interest to call on us, while those who have poor butter will take it elsewhere.
VALENTINES & Co.

——Seven hundred and sixty-two unredeemed dogs were drowned in the New York Pound on Thursday. The number of bitten dog catchers reaches 46 with aggregate bites of 240.

——Valentines & Co. will give more than the market price for first-class butter. Farmers and dairymen should make a note of this.

——The new lock-up on Water street had but three occupants on the Fourth of July just past, and one of those beauties was a man from Julian.

——Every encouragement is now being offered by Valentines & Co. to the farmers and dairymen of Centre county to improve the quality of their butter. A first-class price will be given at this store for a first-class article, and poor butter is not wanted at any price. Farmers who make good butter should take it to Valentines & Co. Good butter is always scarce in the market and finds a ready sale.

——Prof. N. C. Schaeffer, late of Franklyn and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa., whose lectures and drills at the last two Teachers' Institutes were the subject of so many favorable comments, has accepted the presidency of the State Normal School, located at Kurtztown, Berks county. Teachers, and those intending to teach, who desire to make their services more valuable to the public, are invited to make a note of this.

——We have purchased of Mr. F. C. Richards a calendar clock for our office, and he has plenty more left for other customers. It is the best thing out, and every store and office in town should have one. It informs you of the month of the year, the day of the month, the day of the week, and the hour of the day. What more can anyone want a clock to do? Not only that, but Mr. Richards is one of the best workmen on watches in the world, and it is just as cheap to hire a good workman as a cheap one. Give him a call.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A young man at Wallace Run, by the name of George Hampton, twenty-three years of age, was chopping cord wood for J. A. Crider, in company with a young fellow by the name of George Beany, on Monday, July 2d. They had finished their work and were returning home. While crossing a meadow, about fifty rods from his home, young Hampton reached out his hand to Beany and said, "Don't leave me, I am going to die," and immediately dropped down dead. It is supposed that his death was caused by heart disease.

——One of the entertainments for the Fourth at Bellefonte was a tub race. A line was stretched across the creek just back of Bayard's foundry on which was suspended an potato. The contestants started at Valentine's tressel. A large crowd gathered to see the sport. Three prizes were offered, the first five dollars in money, the second a box of cigars and the third five packs of fire crakers. Several attempts were made to get the potato, and for a long time the only result was that the contestant was pitched over into the water. At last a young man by the name of Haupt succeeded in winning the first prize. This ended the show and the other prizes were divided between the dripping contestants.

WRONG AGAIN.—Mr. Hastings was schooled in New England where education is made the keystone, the big word, the trump card in all New England life—in politics, in religion—in all social strife, at home and abroad, in Congress and in the chimney corner.—*Philipsburg Journal.*

The *Journal* man seems determined to get things mixed up. First he charges the oratorical Daniel with filching from the memorial address of Mr. Everett, and second, that he was educated in New England. Now we happen to know where the valiant Daniel obtained his education, and we beg leave to inform Mr. Murphy that he has either been misinformed or is "going it blind." Daniel Hartman Hastings was educated in the village school house at Salona, attended by the writer of this, who was acquainted with him from boyhood up. We merely make this correction in order that history may not go amiss.

As stated above, we have known Mr. Hastings from boyhood up to the present time, and honor him for the manner in which he has worked his way up the ladder of fame. With but little opportunity for acquiring a knowledge of the higher branches he has labored incessantly to obtain an education, and now bids fair to soon stand at the head of his chosen profession.—*Lock Haven Republican.*

SHOP-LIFTING BY BOYS.—One day week before last three boys, from ten to fourteen years of age, two by the name of Welch and one by the name of Bechdel, entered the store of William Robb, in Curtin township, while Mr. Robb was away from home and the clerk was at work in the back part of the warehouse. They effected an entrance by a window in the front part of the store, and took goods and money to the value of about six dollars. After the clerk had finished his work in the warehouse he returned to the front store and discovered that the money and goods were taken. Upon Mr. Robb's return he informed him of the circumstances. Nothing was said about the matter for a few days when a little girl discovered the stolen goods secreted in a stable belonging to Mr. Welch, near the store. She informed her mother, and the boys were charged with the theft. They acknowledged that they had taken the goods but that Bechdel took the money. The goods and money were returned, and Mr. Robb refuses to prosecute on account of the youth of the offenders and in consideration of the feelings of the parents, who brought their boys to the store, made them acknowledge their fault to Mr. Robb, and promise to do better in the future.

THE FOURTH.—The Fourth passed off in an unusually quiet and undemonstrative manner in our town. At an early hour the band made a street parade, discoursing patriotic music in a spirited style, and there was a pretty general display of flags throughout the town in honor of the glorious occasion. Squibs and cannon-crackers were used plentifully, and the soldier boys added to the display of fire works by setting fire to Bayard's house, by firing guns and fire crackers out of the window on to the roof. After the fire the streets, considering the day, were pretty generally deserted—most of our people having gone to attend various celebrations at other places, Milesburg, Spring Mills, Eagleville, Nittany Mountain and the Catholic picnic having each drawn its full quota. Some others went gunning, some fishing, and some stayed at home to look after the boys and the town, and put out fires in case any new ones were started. Most of the stores were closed, but some of the more greedy merchants kept open, which gave all an opportunity to supply themselves with any article which, through thoughtlessness, they had forgotten the day before. Towards evening the fantastics paraded, making a little riffle of excitement to break the monotony of the occasion. In the evening, upon the return of the host of pleasure seekers, the town became quite animated and wore a lively air until a late hour. A notable and gratifying feature connected with this year's observance of the national holiday, was the fact that there was little or no drunkenness or disorderly conduct whatever visible on the streets the night previous or during the day, as has frequently characterized and disgraced former celebrations. We are also gratified to record the fact that the day was not marked by the occurrence of a single accident (if we except the fire) or occasion of unpleasant nature whatever to mar or interrupt the pleasures attending the celebration. Thus passed the 101st anniversary of the Nation's birth-day in our town and vicinity.

HO! FOR THE NIAGARA FALLS.—The Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Company give notice that a grand excursion will take place, leaving Lock Haven at 6:30 o'clock A. M., July 31, 1877; fare for the round trip $7.75, or about one and one-fourth cents per mile. Colonel F. D. May, the world renowned advertising agent of that railroad, called on us last Saturday and informed us that provision had been made with the International and Spencer hotels at the Falls to entertain the excursionists at two dollars per day. The tickets are good for ten days, to return by any train. The route selected is *via* Watkin's Glen, Canandagua and Rochester, with the privilege of going *via* Seneca Lake and Geneva. Col. May graduated as a "typo" and editor, and was a jolly politician in the days of Clay and "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too." As he was then, he is now—at the head of his profession. If it shall be our fortune to join the excursion, or whether we do or not, Colonel May's company will be the life of the excursion. If any of our Centre county people desire to join the excursion they will require regular tickets to Lock Haven, or special arrangements for excursion tickets over the Bald Eagle Valley railroad. Excursion tickets from Lock Haven must be purchased on or before the 28th inst. This is an opportunity for cheapness and pleasure rarely offered to citizens and tourists of this community. It is the intention of the company, if five cars of excursionists shall purchase tickets, to run a special train through to the Falls, thereby avoiding the stoppages at local stations of no interest to excursionists. The minimum cost will be fifteen dollars, including fare, per person, but there will be no restrictions on those who have the money to spend.

——Two or three young men of Columbia, Lancaster county, celebrated the Fourth of July by attacking Mr. Geist, editor of the *New Era*, for remarks made in that paper concerning their decorum. It is said that one of them, Mr. Younge, was a Tilden elector in Florida. Mr. Geist still has an opinion which we give below, to which we invite the attention of our lady readers, as such Younge-men circulate in every community:

The result of this cowardly assault is significant. All doubt of the essential truth of our comments on the scandal have been removed from the minds of this community by the conduct of the principal actors. It was throughout the conduct of men conscious of guilt. When Messrs. Haldeman, Younge and Henderson called on us last Monday, demanding a retraction, we told them if they believed there was no truth in the story their proper course was to seek redress at the law. This is what any honorable man, conscious of his innocence, would have done; but they well knew that such a course would develop facts of the most damaging character to themselves and their associates, and strip forever from social wolves the lamb skins of respectability. Since the events of last evening the lips of several witnesses, hitherto sealed under a process of social bull-dozing, have been opened, and corroborative facts placed in our possession which more than justify the *New Era* in the position it took in rebuking what had become a foul ulcer in fashionable society. There are scores of the most respectable families whose sons and daughters associated with these roues who will be shocked to learn that it has been the practice next day for these "respectable" young men of the baser sort to boast of the liberties they have taken with respectable girls the night before at social gatherings, under cover of an imperfectly lighted platform or the darkness of the woods. These utterances may have been slanders upon the ladies—we prefer this conclusion—but, true or false, they equally illustrate the dangerous character of this element in society, and point out the duty of all lovers of the sanctity of the home to sternly set their faces against the possibility of its recurrence.

——Go to Sechler's for all kinds of groceries.

——R. R. Bridgens & Co., of Lock Haven, have the contract for the building of the depots at Forks and Spring Mills. We understand that the work is to commence at once.—*Millheim Journal.*

——The new court-house at Hollidaysburg was dedicated on the second inst. Judge Dean delivered the historical address, and Hon. S. S. Blair and Judge Black also addressed the people.

——The Clinton *Democrat* furnishes the following item of news, which is quite as interesting to our people as it is to them:

Hons. A. G. Curtin, A. C. Noyes, Jas. A. and Matthew Gamble, were registered at the Fallon House last Friday. At a conference between these gentlemen, the project of building a branch of the B. E. V Railroad from Bellefonte to connect with the Lewisburg, Centre and Spruce Creek Railroad at Lemont was discussed. No conclusion could be arrived at, as it would require action of the stockholders to do so, but it is said that the project is favorably considered by those who have given it attention.

——The Centennial Temperance Club pic-nic at Milesburg on the Fourth was a grand fizzle. Several parties went down from this town and found an opportunity to entertain themselves in their own way, with none to molest or make them afraid. There were no speakers, no provisions, no nothing. The proverbial Lospitality of that people was demonstrated to a charm, and in a manner that offers no inducement to the people of Bellefonte or any one else to partake of it again. We were promised an account of the affair by a gentleman who was there, but promises are easily made, and with some people easily broken; but, then, it does not matter much, as we hardly think the affair was worth writing up.

FIRE.—Between nine and ten o'clock Fourth of July morning fire was discovered issuing from the roof of a house in the rear of the REPUBLICAN office, owned and occupied by George A. Bayard, Esq. The fire companies were promptly on hand and the fire was soon under subjection, not however until it had burnt the roof off of Mr. Bayard's house and scorched the rear end of the REPUBLICAN office, burning off the eaving, breaking the windows and burning the frames and sash so that they will have to be replaced with new. The rear of Powers' boot and shoe store building, owned by D. G. Bush, Esq., was slightly damaged. The fire originated either from fire crackers, gun wads or a cigar falling from the armory in the third story of Bush's building upon the roof of the house underneath. Mr. Bayard is fully insured.

——About thirty of our citizens availed themselves of the pleasant opportunity of going to Snow Shoe on Saturday evening last and stopping over Sunday with mine host of the Snow Shoe House. We are glad to know that our people appreciate the efforts of the Bellefonte & Snow Shoe Railroad Company in running their trains for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Snow Shoe company are not only ahead in the accommodation of their passengers, but in movements of freight also. Their trains are operated by the most expert train men in the employ of railroads, and the manner in which cars are delivered to consignees is most satisfactory. They place cars on the curved and inclined sidings connected with the workshops and manufactories of our town with all the ease, accuracy and safety that can be desired when consumers are in want of wood, lumber, stone, coal, etc. These are only a few of the good reasons why the Snow Shoe people should be patronized.

——The Centennial Temperance Club met last Monday evening, as usual, but, although the night was pleasant and cool, there was not half the usual attendance. The interest in the club seems to be dying out, the debts are accumulating, and the funds are running short. There are some members who are actually unable to contribute on account of being out of work. There are a few others just mean enough to make the fact that the club has one hundred dollars invested in bank for a rainy day a pretext for not giving anything. This leaves the whole burden upon a few. It has, therefore, been thought best to get up a festival and appeal to the generosity of the outside public, who, they feel, are interested in keeping up this institution for the good work it has already done. It must, of necessity, be kept up by voluntary contributions, otherwise many persons who need its protecting influence would be kept out, and of course its usefulness be that much curtailed. A committee to make arrangements for a festival was appointed consisting of J. S. Wagner, John W. Moore, R. A. Laird, Jack L. Spangler, Thomas Burnside and John I. Irwin, who met immediately after the adjournment of the Club and decided to hold a festival a week from next Friday, to continue through Friday and Saturday evenings, July 20 and 21. A committee of ladies was appointed to assist in making the affair a success. It was decided to try and secure the vacant room in the Bush Arcade, lately occupied by Mr. Abraham Sussman. It is hoped that the public will give the festival a generous patronage and that the Club will realize a handsome profit, that it may clear itself from debt and go on prosperously until fall, when the long evenings will again contribute to its success and the better attendance of the members.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.—No people in the world suffer as much with dyspepsia as Americans. Although years of experience in medicine had failed to accomplish a certain and sure remedy for this disease and its effects, such as sour stomach, heart-burn, water-brash, sick headache, costiveness, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, coming up of the food, low spirits, general debility, etc., yet since the introduction of Green's August Flower we believe there is no case of dyspepsia that cannot be immediately relieved. 30,000 dozen sold last year without one case of failure reported. Go to your druggist, F. Poots Greene, or J. Zellers & son, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it. Two doses will relieve you. Regular size 75 cents. 21-eowtf.

A BOX of Glenn's Sulphur Soap, which contains three cakes and costs only sixty cents, is sufficient to supply material for at least twenty sulphur baths which would eradicate a whole catalogue of rheumatic and cutaneous maladies. Sold by all druggists.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cents. 26 44

A Card to Builders.

Having learned that interested parties are circulating reports that the prices charged for stock and work furnished by our establishment are higher than at other planing mills in the county, we desire to correct the statement and assure the public that we are doing and will continue to do all kinds of work in our line fully as cheap as any other planing mill in this section of the state. In addition to furnishing material fully as low as others, we do what many others cannot, manufacture our work from the very best kiln dried lumber. Examine our work, ask our prices before giving orders. McCLELLAN & SPEER,
Proprietors, Bellefonte, Pa.
April 12, 1877. 16-6m

MARRIED.

THOMAS—BUSH—By the Rev. J. Barrows, July 3, 1877, David N. Thomas to Catherine Bush, all of Williamsport.

CONNAHER—DUNLAP—July 4, 1877, at the residence of the bride's parents in Moshannon, by John Craig, J. P., Mr. Peter Connaher to Miss Mary Ann Dunlap, all of Moshannon, Centre county, Pa.

SMITH—BOOTH—At Oak Hall, on Tuesday, July 3, by the Rev. Robert Hamill, D. D., Mr. Egbert Smith, of Harleysville, Sullivan Co., N. Y., to Miss Phebe A. Booth, of College township, Centre county, Pa.

TURNER—WILLIAMS—At Port Matilda, on the 25th ultimo, by the Rev. J. V. R. Hughes, Mr. Penner Turner, of Port Matilda, to Miss Alvina P. Williams, of Martha Furnace.

WILLIAMS—TURNER—By the Rev. J. V. R. Hughes, June 28, 1877, Mr. Aquilla S. Williams to Miss Jennie S. Turner, both of Port Matilda.

DIED.

ORNDORFF—On the 21st ult., near Jacksonville, this county, Mrs. Elizabeth Orndorff, relict of Henry Orndorff, aged about 27 years.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 11, 1877.

Trade is very light, owing to the engagement of farmers in harvesting their wheat, and our merchants occupy all the available store boxes during leisure hours in meditating as to what is in store for them in the future.

GRAIN—The price of wheat is unsettled. In Philadelphia the market for old wheat has been very firm for a fortnight; but a marked decline on new took place on Monday, which will make it worth about $1.50 here to start with, if no further decline takes place eastward. The old wheat of this county is about all marketed and quotations are merely nominal. Some farmers have been disposed to thresh at at once, but the wet weather has caused delay till prices will not hardly meet their views. The crop is light, but the wheat is good and will command a fair price if marketed at the proper time.

CORN—Corn is scarce and in demand. We understand that some of the Bald Eagle mills have been supplied from the West. No change in price.

OATS—The demand for oats is quite up to the supply, principally for local consumption.

HAY—Hay is freely offered at about twelve dollars per ton. A good crop has been housed.

POTATOES—Potatoes are more plenty. New came to market at 75 cents per peck, but they are plenty at this writing at one dollar per bushel. A week or two hence will bring them to fifty cents per bushel, as an unusual yield is anticipated.

BUTTER—Butter is a drug and not quotable; but there is a fair demand for choice at reasonable prices.

QUOTATIONS.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 70
Red wheat	1 70
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	50
Corn, shelled	50
Oats	35
Clover seed	5 00
Flour, retail per barrel	10 00
Flour, wholesale	9 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay choice timothy per ton	$15 00
Hay Mixed per ton	12 00
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by S. A. Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Apples, per bush	50
Cherries, dried, per pound	4
Beans, per quart	12
Fresh Butter, per pound	15
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per pound	8
Cheese, per pound	20
Hams, per pound	15
Bacon	10
Lard, per pound	10
Eggs, per doz	15
Tallow, per pound	7
New potatoes, per bushel	75
Dried Beef	22
Wilson's Pressed Beef, per lb	25
Cod Fish, boneless	12
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20
Oranges, per doz	25a60
Lemons, per doz	60

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7, 1877.

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881, c	112	112¼
" " '65, J. and J	106¾	106⅞
" " '67, " "	109¾	109¾
" " '68, " "	112⅜	112⅝
" 10-40 coupon	113⅛	113¼
" Pacific 6's, cy	123⅛	123¾
New 5 s, Reg. 1881	111¾	112
" " c. 1881	111¾	111¾
" 4½ Reg. 1891	108⅞	109
" " c. 1891	108⅞	109
Gold	105⅜	105½
Silver	100	100
Pennsylvania	31	31½
Reading	11⅝	11¾
Philadelphia and Erie	7	7⅛
Lehigh Navigation	18¾	18¾
" Valley	32⅜	32¾
United R. R. of J	127⅜	128⅜
Pittsburg, T. & Buffalo R.R	6	6¼
Northern Central	13	13¼
Central Transportation	29	29¾
Nesquehoning	45	46
North Pennsylvania	40	40¼
C. & A. Mortgages 6's '80	107¼	108